

# SERVICE MANUAL 4SHP14LB/4SHP15LE

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This is a safety alert symbol and should never be ignored. When you see this symbol on labels or in manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury or death.



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Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life. Installation and service must be performed by a licensed professional HVAC installer (or equivalent), service agency or the gas supplier.

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As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

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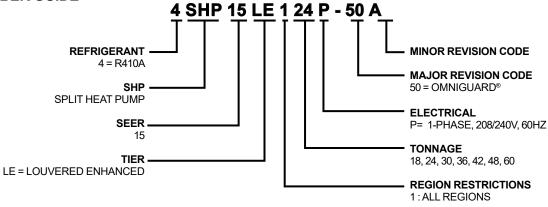
Electric shock hazard.

Can cause injury or death. Before attempting to perform any service or maintenance, turn the electrical power to unit OFF at disconnect switch(es). Unit may have multiple power supplies.

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(P) 508085-01

# MODEL NUMBER GUIDE



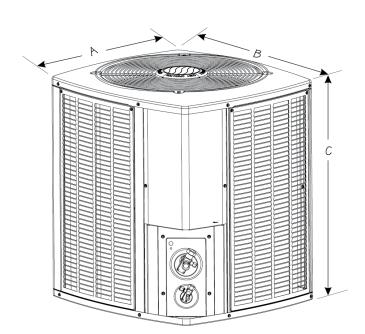
## PHYSICAL AND ELECTRICAL DATA

			Min.	Max. Over	Com	pressor	Outdo	or Fan Mo	otor
Model	Voltage/Hz/Phase	Voltage Range	Circuit Amp.	Current Device (amps)	Rated Load (amps)	Locked Rotor (amps)	Full Load (amps)	Rated HP	Nom. RPM
4SHP15LE118P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	12.3	20	9.0	48	1.1	1/6	825
4SHP15LE124P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	17.9	30	13.4	58	1.1	1/6	825
4SHP15LE130P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	17.1	25	12.8	64	1.1	1/6	825
4SHP15LE136P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	18.7	30	14.1	77	1.1	1/6	825
4SHP15LE142P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	24.2	40	17.9	112	1.8	1/3	825
4SHP15LE148P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	29.0	50	21.8	117	1.8	1/3	825
4SHP15LE160P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	29.4	50	22.1	125	1.8	1/3	825

# **UNIT DIMENSIONS (IN.)**

	Dim	Dimensions (inch)					
Model	A - Width	B - Depth	C - Height	Weight (lbs.)			
4SHP15LE118P-50	29.25	31.25	43.75	207			
4SHP15LE124P-50	29.25	31.25	43.75	208			
4SHP15LE130P-50	29.25	31.25	43.75	205			
4SHP15LE136P-50	29.25	31.25	37.75	224			
4SHP15LE142P-50	35.75	37.75	37.75	290			
4SHP15LE148P-50	35.75	37.75	37.75	293			
4SHP15LE160P-50	35.75	37.75	43.75	336			

Note: Dimensions listed are unit sizes w/o packaging Weights listed are unit weights with packaging



## SOUND RATINGS

		Es	timated Sound Pressure (dB	<b>A</b> ) <sup>2</sup>				
Model	Sound Power <sup>1</sup>	Sound Power <sup>1</sup> Approximate Distance <sup>3</sup>						
		3.3 Feet (1 Meter)	6.6 Feet (2 Meters)	9.8 Feet (3 Meters)				
4SHP15LE118P-50	74	66	60	56				
4SHP15LE124P-50	74	66	60	56				
4SHP15LE130P-50	73	65	59	55				
4SHP15LE136P-50	77	69	63	59				
4SHP15LE142P-50	77	69	63	59				
4SHP15LE148P-50	79	71	65	61				
4SHP15LE160P-50	77	69	63	59				

Rated in accordance with AHRI standard 270 (2015). AHRI Standard 270 establishes a method of rating outdoor unitary equipment in terms of Sound Power.
 Rated in accordance with AHRI standard 275 (2010). AHRI Standard 275 provides the calculations for estimating the A-Weighted Sound Pressure at a given distance from the equipment. That is a more useful number because that is what humans will hear.
 Based only on distance factor; other factors may change this value such as:

 Unit location (reflective surfaces adjacent to the unit)
 Barrier shielding sources

Sound path/elevation
 Outside noise sources

## ACCESSORIES

System Accessory	Where Used	Kit Number	Purpose		
Liquid Line solenoid	All models	60M52	Prevents liquid migration to the compressor especially for high liquid riser applications		
Low ambient HP units (cooling operation)	All models	54M89	Enables cooling demand down to 30 °F. Will require freeze stat, CC heater and TXV.		
Mild ambient (heating operation)	All models	11B97	Enables heating demand above 60 °F ambient		
Cold weather	Control Board I	ntegrated Feature	To allow unit to operate at very low ambient conditions (older models). Board integrated feature on new models		
Fossil Fuel Kit (Heat Pump Only)	All models	1.841185	Required for furnace with heat pump installations		
Hard Start	24 & 36	10J42	Scroll compressors usually do not require hard start; maybe needed		
Hard Start	48 & 60	81J69	for utility brown-out or low voltage areas		
Crankcase Heater	18, 24, 30	93M04			
Crankcase Heater	36, 42, 48, 60	Factory Installed	Prevents liquid migration to compressor in cold weather		
Sound Cover	Factory	/ Installed	Lowers compressor sound level		
Loss of Charge Kit	Factory	/ Installed	Protects the compressor if refrigerant charge is too low		
	Additiona	I System Accesso	ories (indoor section)		
	18, 24, 30	H4TXV01			
TXV Kit	36, 42, 48	H4TXV02	TXVs provide superior refrigerant flow control, comfort and efficiency compared to pistons		
	60	H4TXV03			
Outdoor Thermostat - electric heat	All models	10Z23	Prevents electric heat operation above specific ambient conditions		
Outdoor Thermostat - Mounting box	All models	31461	Mounting box for outdoor thermostat		
Freeze stat	All models	93G35	Protects the compressor at low suction pressure conditions		
Over flow switch	All models	11U75	Turn the system off, if condensate water overflows due to clogged drain pipes		
Single point power supply	All models	21H39	Provide single power source in one junction box		
Auxiliary blower relay	All models	85W66	Maybe required to select multiple indoor blower speeds		

## FAN BLADE

Model	Diameter (in.)	# of Blades	Pitch	Part #
4SHP15LE118P-50	22	3	20	82W58
4SHP15LE124P-50	22	3	20	82W58
4SHP15LE130P-50	22	3	26	43W37
4SHP15LE136P-50	22	3	28	16L95
4SHP15LE142P-50	26	4	22	21W10
4SHP15LE148P-50	26	4	22	21W10
4SHP15LE160P-50	26	4	22	21W10

# **REFRIGERATION DATA**

Model	Factory Refrig.	тху	Refrigeran	t Line Size	Outdoor U	Init Connection	Indoor Unit	t Connection
Model	Charge (Oz.)*		Suction	Liquid	Suction	Liquid	Suction	Liquid
4SHP15LE118P-50	112	H4TXV01	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8
4SHP15LE124P-50	115	H4TXV01	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8
4SHP15LE130P-50	115	H4TXV01	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8
4SHP15LE136P-50	161	H4TXV02	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	3/4	3/8
4SHP15LE142P-50	171	H4TXV02	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8
4SHP15LE148P-50	171	H4TXV02	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8
4SHP15LE160P-50	193	H4TXV03	11/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8

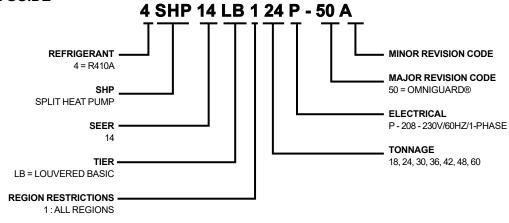
\*Factory charged for 15 feet of line set; adjust per installation instructions. Refrigerant charge also varies with indoor unit; Refer refrigerant charge label

## **COOLING PERFORMANCE WITH DTC<sup>1</sup>**

	Indoor Model		Cooling					Heating		
Outdoor Model	Evap. Coil or Air	SEER	EER	AHRI Rated	Sensible	HSPF	47	<sup>70</sup>	17	'0
	Handler <sup>3</sup>	JEER	LER	Capacity <sup>2</sup>	Capacity	порг	Btuh	СОР	Btuh	СОР
4SHP15LE118P-50	BCE5C18MA4X	14.00	12.00	18000	14200	8.20	17600	3.5	10800	2.3
4SHP15LE124P-50	BCE5C24MA4X	14.00	12.00	23800	19000	8.20	22200	3.6	14300	2.4
4SHP15LE130P-50	BCE5C30MA4X	14.00	11.50	29600	23200	8.20	27000	3.5	17500	2.4
4SHP15LE136P-50	BCE5C36MA4X	14.00	12.00	33400	25800	8.20	31200	3.4	20000	2.4
4SHP15LE142P-50	BCE5C42MA4X	14.00	12.00	40500	29500	8.20	39500	3.2	26200	2.4
4SHP15LE148P-50	BCE5C48MA4X	14.00	11.50	47500	36000	8.20	46000	3.3	29000	2.4
4SHP15LE160P-50	BCE5C60MA4X	14.00	12.00	56500	41500	8.20	54500	3.5	35400	2.6

Note: 1 DTC = Designated Tested Combination 2 Certified in accordance with Unitary Air Conditioner Certification Program, which is based on AHRI Standard 210/240 3 A blower time delay relay is standard on all Allied Air Enterprises furnace and AH products.

## MODEL NUMBER GUIDE



## PHYSICAL AND ELECTRICAL DATA

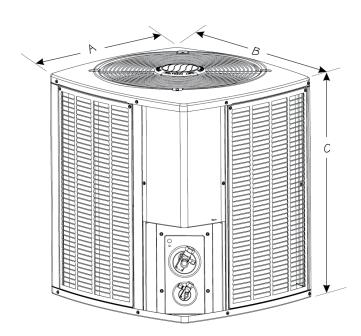
			. Min.	Max. Over		Compressor		Outdoor Fan Motor		
Model	Voltage/Hz/Phase	Voltage Range	Circuit Amp.	Current Device (amps)	Rated Load (amps)	Locked Rotor (amps)	Full Load (amps)	Rated HP	Nom. RPM	
4SHP14LB118P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	12.3	20	9.0	48	1.1	1/6	825	
4SHP14LB124P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	17.9	30	13.4	58	1.1	1/6	825	
4SHP14LB130P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	17.1	25	12.8	64	1.1	1/6	825	
4SHP14LB136P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	18.7	30	14.1	77	1.1	1/6	825	
4SHP14LB142P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	24.2	40	17.9	112	1.8	1/3	825	
4SHP14LB148P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	29.0	50	21.8	117	1.8	1/3	825	
4SHP14LB160P-50	208-230/60/1	197-253	29.4	50	22.1	125	1.8	1/3	825	

#### **UNIT DIMENSIONS (IN.)**

	Dir	Dimensions (inch)					
Model	A - Width	B - Depth	C - Height	Weight (Ibs.)			
4SHP14LB118P-50	29.25	31.25	43.75	202			
4SHP14LB124P-50	29.25	31.25	43.75	203			
4SHP14LB130P-50	29.25	31.25	43.75	200			
4SHP14LB136P-50	29.25	31.25	37.75	219			
4SHP14LB142P-50	35.75	37.75	37.75	285			
4SHP14LB148P-50	35.75	37.75	37.75	287			
4SHP14LB160P-50	35.75	37.75	43.75	331			

Note: Dimensions listed are unit sizes w/o packaging

Weights listed are unit weights with packaging



## SOUND RATINGS

		Es	timated Sound Pressure (dB	<b>A</b> ) <sup>2</sup>
Model	Sound Power <sup>1</sup>		Approximate Distance <sup>3</sup>	
		3.3 Feet (1 Meter)	6.6 Feet (2 Meters)	9.8 Feet (3 Meters)
4SHP14LB118P-50	76	68	62	58
4SHP14LB124P-50	76	68	62	58
4SHP14LB130P-50	74	66	60	56
4SHP14LB136P-50	78	70	64	60
4SHP14LB142P-50	80	72	66	62
4SHP14LB148P-50	80	72	66	62
4SHP14LB160P-50	78	70	64	60

Rated in accordance with AHRI standard 270 (2015). AHRI Standard 270 establishes a method of rating outdoor unitary equipment in terms of Sound Power.
 Rated in accordance with AHRI standard 275 (2010). AHRI Standard 275 provides the calculations for estimating the A-Weighted Sound Pressure at a given distance from the equipment. That is a
more useful number because that is what humans will hear.
 Based only on distance factor; other factors may change this value such as:
 - Unit location (reflective surfaces adjacent to the unit)
 Barrier shielding sources
 Sound path/elevation
 Outside noise sources

#### ACCESSORIES

System Accessory	Where Used	Kit Number	Purpose
Liquid Line Solenoid	All models	60M52	Prevents liquid migration to the compressor especially for high liquid riser applications
Low Ambient HP Units (cooling operation)	All models	54M89	Enables cooling demand down to 30 °F. Will require freeze stat, CC heater and TXV.
Mild ambient (heating operation)	All models	11B97	Enables heating demand above 60 °F ambient
Cold Weather	All models	1.921145	To allow unit to operate at very low ambient conditions (older models). Board integrated feature on new models
Fossil Fuel Kit (Heat Pump Only)	All models	1.841185	Required for furnace with heat pump installations
Hard Start	24 & 36	10J42	Scroll compressors usually do not require hard start; maybe needed
	48 & 60	81J69	for utility brown-out or low voltage areas
	18, 24, 30	93M04	
Crankcase Heater	36, 42, 48, 60	Factory Installed	Prevents liquid migration to compressor in cold weather
Sound Cover	18, 24, 30, 36	14W00	Lowers compressor sound level
Sound Cover	42, 48, 60	14W01	
Loss of Charge Kit	Factor	/ Installed	Protects the compressor if refrigerant charge is too low
	Additiona	I System Accesso	ories (indoor section)
	18, 24, 30	H4TXV01	
TXV Kit	36, 42, 48	H4TXV02	TXVs provide superior refrigerant flow control, comfort and efficiency compared to pistons
	60	H4TXV03	
Outdoor Thermostat - electric heat	All models	10Z23	Prevents electric heat operation above specific ambient conditions
Outdoor Thermostat - mounting box	All models	31461	Mounting box for outdoor thermostat
Freeze Stat	All models	93G35	Protects the compressor at low suction pressure conditions
Overflow Switch	All models	11U75	Turn the system off, if condensate water overflows due to clogged drain pipes

## FAN BLADE

Model	Diameter (in.)	# of Blades	Pitch	Part #
4SHP14LB118P-50	22	3	20	82W58
4SHP14LB124P-50	22	3	20	82W58
4SHP14LB130P-50	22	3	26	43W37
4SHP14LB136P-50	22	3	28	16L95
4SHP14LB142P-50	26	4	22	21W10
4SHP14LB148P-50	26	4	22	21W10
4SHP14LB160P-50	26	4	22	21W10

## **REFRIGERATION DATA**

Model	Factory Refrig.	тхv	Refrigeran	t Line Size	Outdoor Unit	Connection	Indoor Unit Connection		
	Charge (Oz.)*		Suction	Liquid	Suction	Liquid	Suction	Liquid	
4SHP14LB118P-50	112	H4TXV01	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	
4SHP14LB124P-50	115	H4TXV01	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	
4SHP14LB130P-50	115	H4TXV01	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	3/4	3/8	
4SHP14LB136P-50	161	H4TXV02	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	3/4	3/8	
4SHP14LB142P-50	171	H4TXV02	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	
4SHP14LB148P-50	171	H4TXV02	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	
4SHP14LB160P-50	193	H4TXV03	1 1/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	7/8	3/8	

\* Factory charged for 15 feet of line set; adjust per installation instructions. Refrigerant charge also varies with indoor unit; Refer refrigerant charge label

# **COOLING PERFORMANCE WITH DTC<sup>1</sup>**

		Cooling				Heating				
Outdoor Model	Evap. Coil or Air	SEER	EER	AHRI Rated	Sensible	HSPF	47	<b>)</b>	17	<b>&gt;</b>
	Handler <sup>3</sup>			Capacity <sup>2</sup>	Capacity	HOFT	Btuh	СОР	Btuh	COP
4SHP14LB118P-50	BCE5C18MA4X	14.00	12.00	18000	14200	8.20	17600	3.5	10800	2.3
4SHP14LB124P-50	BCE5C24MA4X	14.00	12.00	23800	19000	8.20	22200	3.6	14300	2.4
4SHP14LB130P-50	BCE5C30MA4X	14.00	11.50	29600	23200	8.20	27000	3.5	17500	2.4
4SHP14LB136P-50	BCE5C36MA4X	14.00	12.00	33400	25800	8.20	31200	3.4	20000	2.4
4SHP14LB142P-50	BCE5C42MA4X	14.00	12.00	40500	29500	8.20	39500	3.2	26200	2.4
4SHP14LB148P-50	BCE5C48MA4X	14.00	11.50	47500	36000	8.20	46000	3.3	29000	2.4
4SHP14LB160P-50	BCE5C60MA4X	14.00	12.00	56500	41500	8.20	54500	3.5	35400	2.6

Note:

1 DTC = Designated Tested Combination
 2 Certified in accordance with Unitary Air Conditioner Certification Program, which is based on AHRI Standard 210/240
 3 A blower time delay relay is standard on all Allied Air Enterprises furnace and AH products.

# **Technical Specifications - Past Models**

#### MODEL NUMBER GUIDE 4 SHP 14 LB 1 24 P - 7 A MINOR REVISION CODE REFRIGERANT 4 = R410A MAJOR REVISION CODE SHP SPLIT HEAT PUMP VOLTAGE P= 208/230V, 60HZ SEER 14 TONNAGE 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, 60 TIER LB = LOUVERED BASIC SERIES

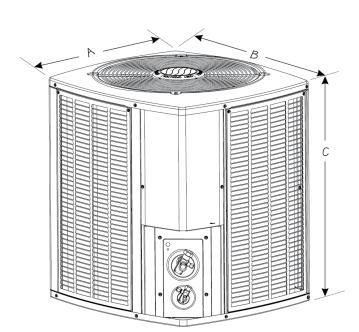
#### PHYSICAL AND ELECTRICAL DATA

			Min.	Max. Over	Comp	ressor	Outdo	oor Fan N	lotor	Refrig.	
Model	Voltage/Hz/ Phase	Voltage Range	Circuit Amp.	Current Device (amps)	Rated Load (amps)	Locked Rotor (amps)	Full Load (amps)	Rated HP	Nom. RPM	Charge <del>†</del> (oz.)	Rating (dBA)
4SHP14LB118P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	12.2	20	9.0	48	1.0	1/6	825	93	76
4SHP14LB124P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	17.9	30	13.5	58	1.1	1/6	825	94	76
4SHP14LB130P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	17.1	25	12.8	64	1.1	1/6	825	90	76
4SHP14LB136P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	18.7	30	14.1	77	1.1	1/6	825	150	76
4SHP14LB142P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	24.2	40	18.0	112	1.8	1/3	825	184	79
4SHP14LB148P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	29.0	50	21.8	117	1.8	1/3	825	161	80
4SHP14LB160P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	29.4	50	22.1	125	1.8	1/3	825	197	80

Note: Weights listed are unit weights with packaging. † Factory charged for 15 ft. of line set. Adjust per installation instructions.

#### **Dimensions (inch)** Shipping Model Weight вс-A - Width (lbs.) Depth Height 4SHP14LB118P-7 29.25 31.25 37.75 175 4SHP14LB124P-7 29.25 31.25 37.75 177 4SHP14LB130P-7 29.25 31.25 37.75 178 4SHP14LB136P-7 29.25 31.25 33.75 202 4SHP14LB142P-7 35.75 37.75 37.75 272 4SHP14LB148P-7 37.75 35.75 37.75 273 4SHP14LB160P-7 35.75 37.75 43.75 297

Note: Dimensions listed are unit sizes w/o packaging



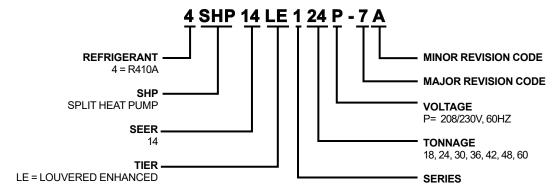
#### **UNIT DIMENSIONS (IN.) AND WEIGHT**

# ACCESSORIES

Description	Where Used	Kit Number
Crankcase Heater	18, 24, 30, 36	93M04
	42, 48, 60	93M05 (factory installed)
Compressor Low Ambient Kit	All models	45F08
Sound Blanket	18, 24, 30, 36	14W00 (factory installed)
Sound Blanket	42, 48, 60	14W01 (factory installed)
Short Cycle Protector	All models	Control board feature
Firementat	3/8 tubing	93G35
Freezestat	5/8 tubing	50A93
Time Delay Relay	All models	Control board feature
Loss of Charge Kit	All models	84M23 (factory installed)
	18	10J42
Hard Start Kit	24, 30, 36, 42, 48, 60	88M91
Fossil Fuel	All models	AFOSL500
H4TXV01 (TXV Kit)	18, 24, 30	1.851363
H4TXV02 (TXV Kit)	36, 42, 48	1.851364
H4TXV03 (TXV Kit)	60	1.851365

# FAN BLADE

Model	Diameter (in.)	# of Blades	Pitch	Part #
4SHP14LB118P-7	22	3	20	82W58
4SHP14LB124P-7	22	3	20	82W58
4SHP14LB130P-7	22	3	26	43W37
4SHP14LB136P-7	22	3	26	43W37
4SHP14LB142P-7	26	4	22	21W10
4SHP14LB148P-7	26	4	22	21W10
4SHP14LB160P-7	26	4	22	21W10



# PHYSICAL AND ELECTRICAL DATA

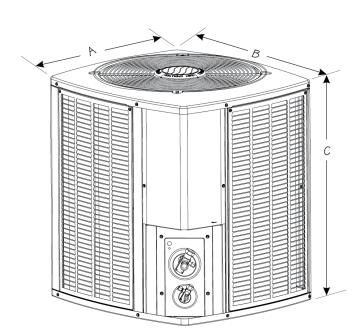
			Min.	Max. Over	Comp	ressor	Outdo	oor Fan M	lotor	Refrig.	
Model	Voltage/Hz/ Phase	Voltage Range	Circuit Amp.	Current Device (amps)	Rated Load (amps)	Locked Rotor (amps)	Full Load (amps)	Rated HP	Nom. RPM	Charge† (oz.)	Rating (dBA)
4SHP14LE118P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	12.2	20	9.0	48	1.0	1/6	825	93	76
4SHP14LE124P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	17.9	30	13.5	58	1.1	1/6	825	94	76
4SHP14LE130P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	17.1	25	12.8	64	1.1	1/6	825	90	76
4SHP14LE136P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	18.7	30	14.1	77	1.1	1/6	825	150	76
4SHP14LE142P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	24.2	40	18.0	112	1.8	1/3	825	184	79
4SHP14LE148P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	29.0	50	21.8	117	1.8	1/3	825	161	80
4SHP14LE160P-7	208-230/60/1	197-253	29.4	50	22.1	125	1.8	1/3	825	197	80

Note: Weights listed are unit weights with packaging. † Factory charged for 15 ft. of line set. Adjust per installation instructions.

# **UNIT DIMENSIONS (IN.) AND WEIGHT**

	Dim	nensions (ir	nch)	Shipping
Model	A - Width	B - Depth	C - Height	Weight (Ibs.)
4SHP14LE118P-7	29.25	31.25	37.75	175
4SHP14LE124P-7	29.25	31.25	37.75	177
4SHP14LE130P-7	29.25	31.25	37.75	178
4SHP14LE136P-7	29.25	31.25	33.75	202
4SHP14LE142P-7	35.75	37.75	37.75	272
4SHP14LE148P-7	35.75	37.75	37.75	273
4SHP14LE160P-7	35.75	37.75	43.75	297

Note: Dimensions listed are unit sizes w/o packaging



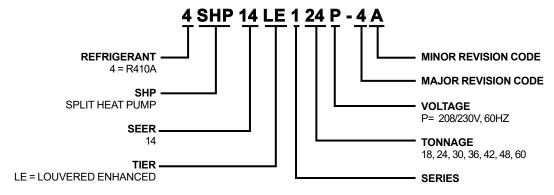
# ACCESSORIES

Description	Where Used	Kit Number
Crankcase Heater	18, 24, 30, 36	93M04
	42, 48, 60	93M05 (factory installed)
Compressor Low Ambient Kit	All models	45F08
Sound Blanket	18, 24, 30, 36	14W00 (factory installed)
	42, 48, 60	14W01 (factory installed)
Short Cycle Protector	All models	Control board feature
Freezestat	3/8 tubing	93G35
Freezesiai	5/8 tubing	50A93
Time Delay Relay	All models	Control board feature
Loss of Charge Kit	All models	84M23 (factory installed)

## FAN BLADE

Model	Diameter (in.)	# of Blades	Pitch	Part #
4SHP14LE118P-7	22	3	20	82W58
4SHP14LE124P-7	22	3	20	82W58
4SHP14LE130P-7	22	3	26	43W37
4SHP14LE136P-7	22	3	26	43W37
4SHP14LE142P-7	26	4	22	21W10
4SHP14LE148P-7	26	4	22	21W10
4SHP14LE160P-7	26	4	22	21W10

## **MODEL NUMBER GUIDE**



## PHYSICAL AND ELECTRICAL DATA

Model	Voltage/Hz/	Voltage	Min. Circuit	Max. Over	Comp	ressor	Outdo	oor Fan N	lotor	Refrig. Charge†	Shipping Weight (Ibs.)	
Model	Phase	Range	Amp.	Current Device (amps)	Rated Load (amps)	Locked Rotor (amps)	Full Load (amps)	Rated HP	Nom. RPM	(oz.)	Wire Guard	Louver
4SHP14LE118P-5	208-230/60/1	197-253	12.3	20	9.0	48	1.1	1/6	825	87	N/A	178
4SHP14LE124P-5	208-230/60/1	197-253	17.9	30	13.4	58	1.1	1/6	825	108	N/A	195
4SHP14LE130P-5	208-230/60/1	197-253	17.1	25	12.8	64	1.1	1/6	825	110	N/A	197
4SHP14LE136P-5	208-230/60/1	197-253	18.7	30	14.1	77	1.1	1/6	825	159	N/A	222
4SHP14LE142P-5	208-230/60/1	197-253	24.2	40	17.9	112	1.8	1/3	825	184	N/A	304
4SHP14LE148P-5	208-230/60/1	197-253	29.0	50	21.8	117	1.8	1/3	825	232	N/A	308
4SHP14LE160P-5	208-230/60/1	197-253	29.4	50	22.1	125	1.8	1/3	825	228	N/A	335

Note: Weights listed are unit weights with packaging. † Factory charged for 15 ft. of line set. Adjust per installation instructions.

# UNIT DIMENSIONS (IN.) AND SOUND RATINGS

	Dim	nensions (ir	nch)	Deting
Model	A - Width	B - Depth	C - Height	Rating (dBA)
4SHP14LE118P-5	29.38	31.25	29.75	74
4SHP14LE124P-5	29.38	31.25	37.75	74
4SHP14LE130P-5	29.38	31.25	37.75	74
4SHP14LE136P-5	29.38	31.25	33.75	74
4SHP14LE142P-5	35.75	37.75	37.75	76
4SHP14LE148P-5	35.75	37.75	37.75	76
4SHP14LE160P-5	35.75	37.75	43.75	76

Note: Dimensions listed are unit sizes w/o packaging

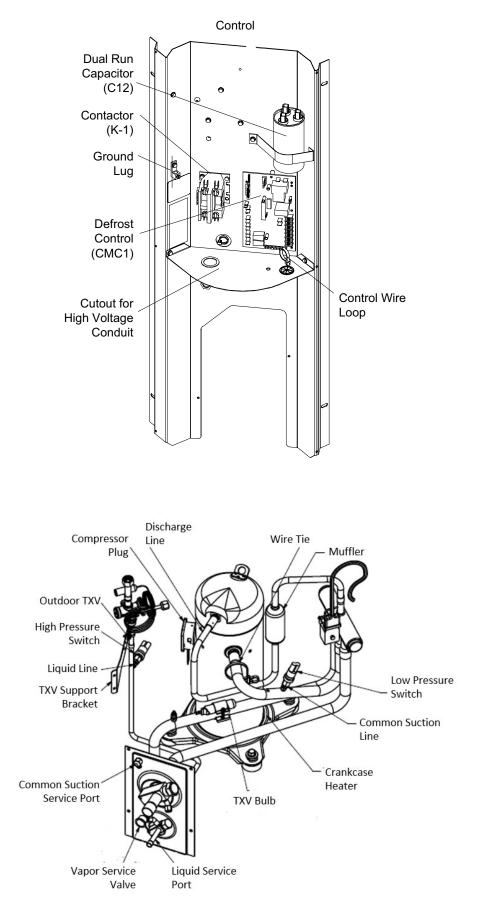


# ACCESSORIES

Description	Where Used	Kit Number
Blower Off Delay Kit	All models	40K58
Compressor Low Ambient Cut-off	All models	45F08
High Pressure Swith Kit	All models	94J46
Time Off Control	All models	47J27
Crankcase Heater	All models	67K90
Hard Start Kit	18, 24, 30, 36, 42	10J42
	48, 60	81J69
Mild Ambient Kit	All models	33M07
Low Ambient Kit	All models	27J00
Fossil Fuel Kit, 2-stage compatible	All models	AFOSL500
	18, 24, 30	H4TXV01
TXV Kit	36, 42, 48	H4TXV02
	60	H4TXV03

# FAN BLADE

Model	Diameter (in.)	# of Blades	Pitch	Part #
4SHP14LE118P-5	22	3	20	82W58
4SHP14LE124P-5	22	3	20	82W58
4SHP14LE130P-5	22	3	26	43W37
4SHP14LE136P-5	22	3	26	43W37
4SHP14LE142P-5	26	4	22	21W10
4SHP14LE148P-5	26	4	22	21W10
4SHP14LE160P-5	26	4	22	21W10



# **General Information**

These instructions are intended as a general guide and do not supersede national or local codes in any way. Consult authorities having jurisdiction before installation.

# **Operating Gauge Set and Service Valves**

# 

As with any mechanical equipment, contact with sharp sheet metal edges can result in personal injury. Take care while handling this equipment and wear gloves and protective clothing.

#### **Torque Requirements**

When servicing or repairing heating, ventilating, and air conditioning components, ensure the fasteners are appropriately tightened. Table 1 lists torque values for fasteners.

# **A** IMPORTANT

Only use Allen wrenches of sufficient hardness (50Rc - Rockwell Harness Scale minimum). Fully insert the wrench into the valve stem recess.

Service valve stems are factory-torqued (from 9 ft-lbs for small valves, to 25 ft-lbs for large valves) to prevent refrigerant loss during shipping and handling. Using an Allen wrench rated at less than 50Rc risks rounding or breaking off the wrench, or stripping the valve stem recess.

# 

To prevent stripping of the various caps used, the appropriately sized wrench should be used and fitted snugly over the cap before tightening.

When servicing or repairing HVAC components, ensure the fasteners are appropriately tightened. Table 1 provides torque values for fasteners.

Parts	Recommended Torque			
Service valve cap	8 ftlb.	11 NM		
Sheet metal screws	16 ftlb.	2 NM		
Machine screws #10	28 ftlb.	3 NM		
Compressor bolts	90 ftlb.	10 NM		
Gauge port seal cap	8 ftlb.	11 NM		

**Table 1. Torque Requirements** 

#### Using Manifold Gauge Set

When checking the system charge, only use a manifold gauge set that features low loss anti-blow back fittings.

Manifold gauge set used with HFC-410A refrigerant systems must be capable of handling the higher system operating pressures. The gauges should be rated for use with pressures of 0 - 800 psig on the high side and a low side of 30" vacuum to 250 psig with dampened speed to 500 psi. Gauge hoses must be rated for use at up to 800 psig of pressure with a 4000 psig burst rating.

#### **Operating Service Valves**

The liquid and vapor line service valves are used for removing refrigerant, flushing, leak testing, evacuating, checking charge and charging.

#### Liquid and Suction Line Service Valves

The liquid line and suction line service valves (see Figure 1) and service ports are used for leak testing, evacuation, charging, and checking charge.

Each valve is equipped with a service port which has a factory-installed Schrader valve. A service port cap protects the Schrader valve from contamination and serves as the primary leak seal.

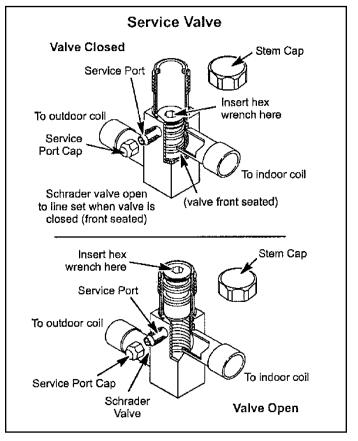


Figure 1.

#### To Access the Schrader Port:

- 1. Remove the service port cap with an adjustable wrench.
- 2. Connect gauge to the service port.
- 3. When testing is completed, replace service port cap. Tighten finger tight, then an additional 1/6 turn.

#### To Open Liquid or Suction Line Service Valve:

- 1. Remove stem cap with an adjustable wrench.
- Use service wrench with a hex-head extension to back the stem out counterclockwise as far as it will go. Use a 3/16" hex head extension for liquid line service valves and a 5/16" extension for suction line service valves.
- 3. Replace the stem cap. Tighten finger tight, then tighten an additional 1/6 turn.

#### To Close Liquid or Suction Line Service Valve:

- 1. Remove the stem cap with an adjustable wrench.
- 2. Use a service wrench with a hex-head extension to turn the stem clockwise to seat the valve. Tighten firmly.
- 3. Replace the stem cap. Tighten finger tight, then tighten an additional 1/6 turn.

#### Suction Line (Ball Type) Service Valve

Suction line (ball type) service valves function the same way as the other valves; the difference is in the construction (see Figure 2).

The ball valve is equipped with a service port with a factoryinstalled Schrader valve. A service port cap protects the Schrader valve from contamination and serves as the primary seal.

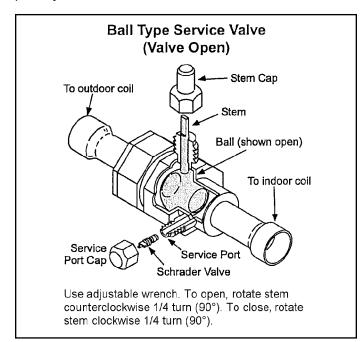


Figure 2.

# Installation

**NOTE:** In some cases, noise in the living area has been traced to gas pulsations from improper installation of equipment.

- Locate unit away from windows, patios, decks, etc. where unit operation sounds may disturb customer.
- Leave some slack between structure and unit to absorb vibration.
- Place a sound-absorbing material, such as Isomode, under the unit if it will be installed in a location or position that will transmit sound or vibration to the living area or adjacent buildings.
- Install the unit high enough above the ground or roof to allow adequate drainage of defrost water and prevent ice buildup.
- In heavy snow areas, do not locate the unit where drifting snow will occur. The unit base should be elevated above the depth of average snows.

**NOTE:** Elevation of the unit may be accomplished by constructing a frame using suitable materials. If a support frame is constructed, it must not block drain holes in unit base.

- When installed in areas where low ambient temperatures exist, locate unit so winter prevailing winds do not blow directly into outdoor coil.
- Locate unit away from overhanging roof lines which would allow water or ice to drop on, or in front of, coil or into unit.

When outdoor unit is connected to factory-approved indoor unit, outdoor unit contains system refrigerant charge for operation with matching indoor unit when connected by 15 ft. of field-supplied tubing. For proper unit operation, check refrigerant charge using charging information located on control box cover.

#### **Outdoor Section**

Zoning ordinances may govern the minimum distance the condensing unit can be installed from the property line.

## Install on a Solid, Level Mounting Pad

The outdoor section is to be installed on a solid foundation. This foundation should extend a minimum of 2" (inches) beyond the sides of the outdoor section. To reduce the possibility of noise transmission, the foundation slab should NOT be in contact with or be an integral part of the building foundation. See Figure 3.

If conditions or local codes require the unit be attached to pad or mounting frame, tie down bolts should be used and secured to unit base pan.

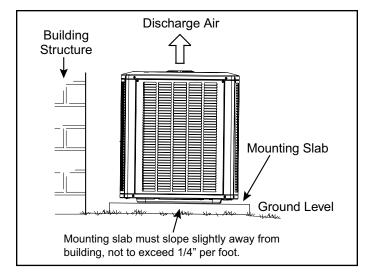


Figure 3. Slab Mounting

## **Elevate Unit**



Accumulation of water and ice in base pan may cause equipment damage.

Elevate unit per local climate and code requirements to provide clearance above estimated snowfall level and ensure adequate drainage of unit. Use snow stand in areas where prolonged freezing temperatures are encountered.

If conditions or local codes require the unit be attached to pad or mounting frame, tie down bolts should be used and fastened through knockouts provided in unit base pan.

#### **Clearance Requirements**

When installing, allow sufficient space for airflow clearance, wiring, refrigerant piping, and service. For proper airflow, quiet operation and maximum efficiency. Position so water, snow, or ice from roof or eaves cannot fall directly on unit. Refer to Table 2 for installation clearances.

Location	Minimum Clearance
Service box	30"
Top of unit*	48"
Between units	24"
Against wall	6"

\* Maximum soffit overhang is 36".

**NOTE**: At least one side should be unobstructed by a wall or other barrier.

Table 2. Clearances

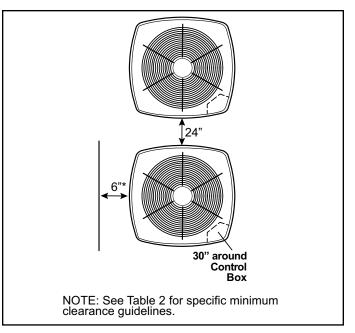


Figure 4.

#### DO LOCATE THE UNIT:

- With proper clearances on sides and top of unit
- On a solid, level foundation or pad (unit must be level to within ± 1/4 in./ft. per compressor manufacturer specifications)
- To minimize refrigerant line lengths

#### DO NOT LOCATE THE UNIT:

- On brick, concrete blocks or unstable surfaces
- Near clothes dryer exhaust vents
- Near sleeping area or near windows
- Under eaves where water, snow or ice can fall directly on the unit
- With clearance less than 2 ft. from a second unit
- With clearance less than 4 ft. on top of unit

## **Operating Ambient**

The minimum outdoor operating ambient in cooling mode is 55°F, and the maximum outdoor operating ambient in cooling mode is 125°F. The maximum outdoor operating ambient in heating mode is 66°F.

#### **Rooftop Installations**

Install unit at a minimum of 6" above surface of the roof to avoid ice buildup around the unit. Locate the unit above a load bearing wall or area of the roof that can adequately support the unit. Consult local codes for rooftop applications.

If unit cannot be mounted away from prevailing winds, a wind barrier should be constructed. Due to variation in installation applications, size and locate barrier according to the best judgment of the installer.

# **Refrigeration Piping**

Use only refrigerant grade copper tubes.

- Split systems may be installed with up to 50 feet of line set (no more than 20 feet vertical) without special consideration (see long line set guidelines).
- Ensure that vapor and liquid tube diameters are appropriate to capacity of unit.
- Run refrigerant tubes as directly as possible by avoiding unnecessary turns and bends.
- When passing refrigerant tubes through the wall, seal opening with RTV or other silicon-based caulk.
- Avoid direct tubing contact with water pipes, duct work, floor joists, wall studs, floors, walls, and any structure.
- Do not suspend refrigerant tubing from joists and studs with a rigid wire or strap that comes in direct contact with tubing.
- Ensure that tubing insulation is pliable and completely surrounds vapor tube.

It is important that no tubing be cut or seals broken until you are ready to actually make connections to the evaporator and to the condenser section. DO NOT remove rubber plugs or copper caps from the tube ends until ready to make connections at evaporator and condenser. Under no circumstances leave the lines open to the atmosphere for any period of time, if so unit requires additional evacuation to remove moisture.

	Liquid		Vapor					
Capacity	Connections Dia.	Tube Dia.	Connections Dia.	Tube Dia.				
-018	3/8"	3/8"	3/4"	3/4"				
-024	3/8"	3/8"	3/4"	3/4"				
-030	3/8"	3/8"	3/4"	3/4"				
-036	3/8"	3/8"	7/8"	7/8"				
-042	3/8"	3/8"	7/8"	7/8"				
-048	3/8"	3/8"	7/8"	7/8"				
-060	3/8"	3/8"	7/8"	*1-1/8"				
* Field supplied 7/8 x 1-1/8 connector required on both ends of vapor tubing.								

Table 3. Recommended Liquid & Vapor Tube Diameters (in.)

Be extra careful with sharp bends. Tubing can "kink" very easily, and if this occurs, the entire tube length will have to be replaced. Extra care at this time will eliminate future service problems.

It is recommended that vertical suction risers not be upsized. Proper oil return to the compressor should be maintained with suction gas velocity.

### **Filter Drier**

The filter drier is very important for proper system operation and reliability. If the drier is shipped loose, it must be installed by the installer in the field. Unit warranty will be void, if the drier is not installed.

#### Installation of Line Sets

**DO NOT** fasten liquid or suction lines in direct contact with the floor or ceiling joist. Use an insulated or suspension type of hanger. Keep both lines separate, and always insulate the suction line. Liquid line runs (30 feet or more) in an attic will require insulation. Route refrigeration line sets to minimize length.

**DO NOT** let refrigerant lines come in direct contact with foundation. When running refrigerant lines through the foundation or wall, openings should allow for a sound and vibration absorbing material to be placed or installed between tubing and foundation. Any gap between foundation or wall and refrigerant lines should be filled with a vibration damping material.



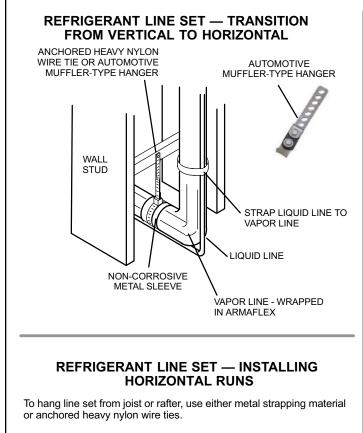
If ANY refrigerant tubing is required to be buried by state or local codes, provide a 6 inch vertical rise at service valve.

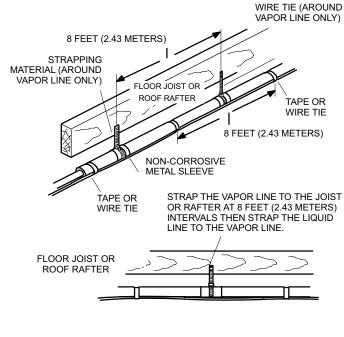
# LINE SET

**IMPORTANT** — Refrigerant lines must not contact structure.

## INSTALLATION

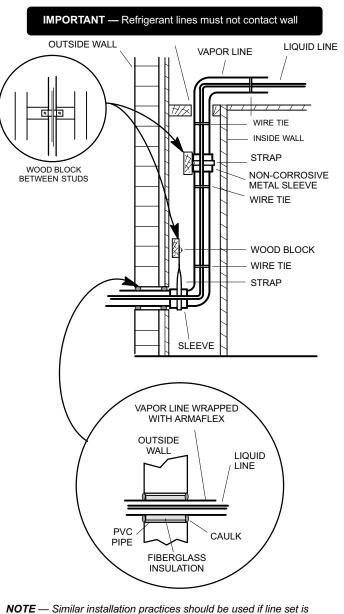
**Line Set Isolation** — The following illustrations are examples of proper refrigerant line set isolation:





#### REFRIGERANT LINE SET — INSTALLING VERTICAL RUNS (NEW CONSTRUCTION SHOWN)

NOTE — Insulate liquid line when it is routed through areas where the surrounding ambient temperature could become higher than the temperature of the liquid line or when pressure drop is equal to or greater than 20 psig.



**NOTE** — Similar installation practices should be used if line set is to be installed on exterior of outside wall.

**WARNING** — Polyol ester (POE) oils used with HFC-410A refrigerant absorb moisture very quickly. It is very important that the refrigerant system be kept closed as much as possible. DO NOT remove line set caps or service valve stub caps until you are ready to make connections.

#### Figure 5. Line Set Installation

## Flushing Line Sets

If the unit will be installed in an existing system that uses an indoor unit or line sets charged with R-22 refrigerant, installer must perform the following flushing procedure.

**NOTE:** Existing system components (including line set and indoor coil) must be an AHRI match with the unit in order to fulfill unit warranty requirements.

# 

Refrigerant must be reclaimed in accordance with national and local codes.

# 

Do **NOT** attempt to flush and re-use existing line sets or indoor coil when the system contains contaminants (i.e., compressor burn out).

# NOTE

"Clean refrigerant" is any refrigerant in a system that has not had compressor burnout. If the system has experienced burnout, it is recommended that the existing line set and indoor coil be replaced.

# NOTE

In lieu of R-410A, an industry-standard flushing agent may also be used.

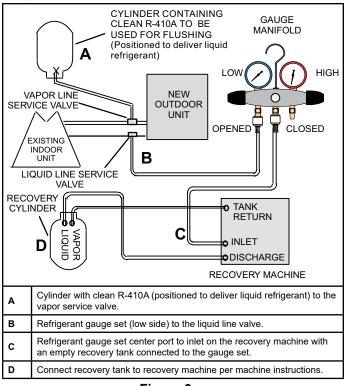
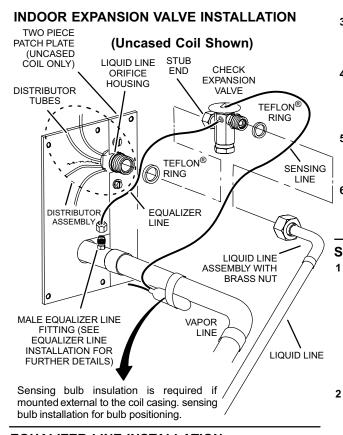


Figure 6.

- 1. Connect gauges and equipment as shown in Figure 6.
- 2. Set the recovery machine for liquid recovery and start the recovery machine. Open the gauge set valves to allow the recovery machine to pull a vacuum on the existing system line set and indoor unit coil.
- 3. Position the cylinder of clean R-410A for delivery of liquid refrigerant and open its valve to allow liquid refrigerant to flow into the system through the vapor line valve. Allow the refrigerant to pass from the cylinder and through the line set and the indoor unit coil before it enters the recovery machine.
- 4. After all of the liquid refrigerant has been recovered, switch the recovery machine to vapor recovery so that all of the R-410A vapor is recovered. Allow the recovery machine to pull the system down to 0.
- 5. Close the valve on the inverted R-410A drum and the gauge set valves. Pump the remaining refrigerant out of the recovery machine and turn the machine off.

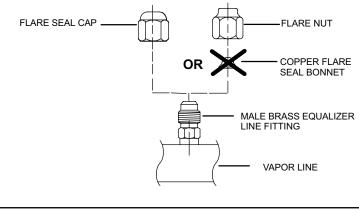
## **Refrigerant Piping - Install Indoor Expansion Valve**

This outdoor unit is designed for use in systems that include an expansion valve metering device (purchased separately) at the indoor coil. See the Product Specifications for approved expansion valve kit match-ups and application information. The check expansion valve unit can be installed internal or external to the indoor coil. In applications where an uncased coil is being installed in a field-provided plenum, install the check/expansion valve in a manner that will provide access for future field service of the expansion valve. Refer to below illustration for reference during installation of expansion valve unit.



#### EQUALIZER LINE INSTALLATION

- Remove and discard either the flare seal cap or flare nut with copper flare seal bonnet from the equalizer line port on the vapor line as illustrated in the figure below.
- Remove the field-provided fitting that temporarily reconnected the liquid line to the indoor unit's distributor assembly.



- 3 Install one of the provided Teflon<sup>®</sup> rings around the stubbed end of the check expansion valve and lightly lubricate the connector threads and expose surface of the Teflon<sup>®</sup> ring with refrigerant oil.
- 4 Attach the stubbed end of the check expansion valve to the liquid line orifice housing. Finger tighten and use an appropriately sized wrench to turn an additional 1/2 turn clockwise as illustrated in the figure above, or tighten to 20 ft-lb.
- 5 Place the remaining Teflon<sup>®</sup> washer around the other end of the check expansion valve. Lightly lubricate connector threads and expose surface of the Teflon<sup>®</sup> ring with refrigerant oil.
- 6 Attach the liquid line assembly to the check expansion valve. Finger tighten and use an appropriately sized wrench to turn an additional 1/2 turn clockwise as illustrated in the figure above or tighten to 20 ft-lb.

#### SENSING BULB INSTALLATION

 Attach the vapor line sensing bulb in the proper orientation as illustrated to the right using the clamp and screws provided.

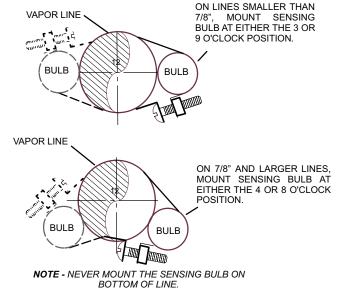
**NOTE** - Though it is preferred to have the sensing bulb installed on a horizontal run of the vapor line, installation on a vertical run of piping is acceptable if necessary. **NOTE** - Confirm proper thermal contact between vapor line and check/expansion bulb before insulating the sensing bulb once installed.

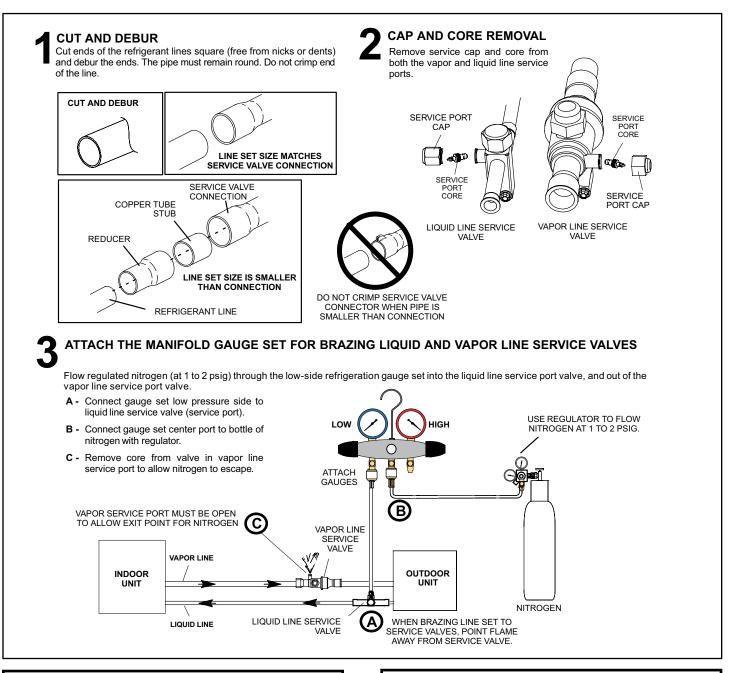


1/2 Turn

10

 Connect the equalizer line from the check expansion valve to the equalizer vapor port on the vapor line. Finger tighten the flare nut plus 1/8 turn (7 ft-lbs) as illustrated below.





# NOTE

Use a manifold gauge set designed for use on R-410A refrigerant systems.

# 



Before brazing, ensure the system is fully recovered of all refrigerant. Application of a brazing torch to a pressurized system may result in ignition of the refrigerant and oil mixture. Check the high and low pressures before applying heat.

# 

Brazing alloys and flux contain materials which are hazardous to your health.

Avoid breathing vapors or fumes from brazing operations. Perform operations only in well-ventilated areas.

Wear gloves and protective goggles or face shield to protect against burns.

Wash hands with soap and water after handling brazing alloys and flux.

# 4

#### WRAP SERVICE VALVES

To help protect service valve seals during brazing, wrap water-saturated cloths around service valve bodies and copper tube stubs. Use additional water-saturated cloths underneath the valve body to protect the base paint.

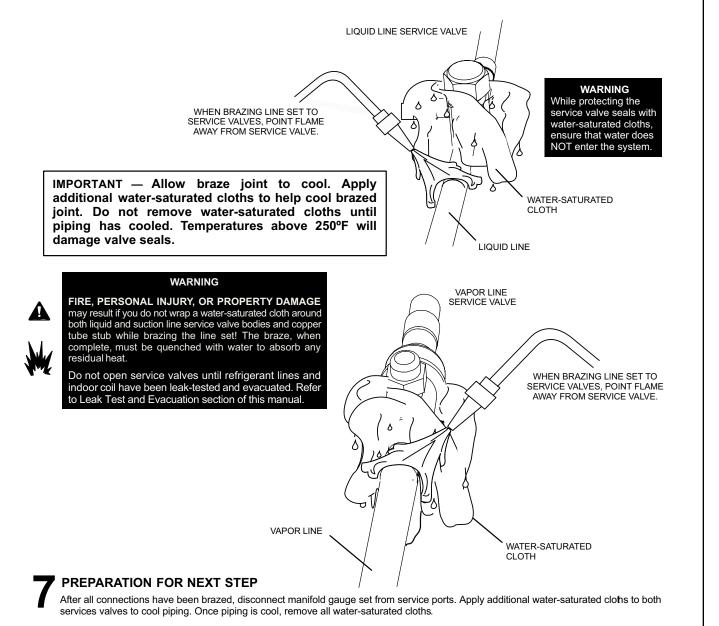


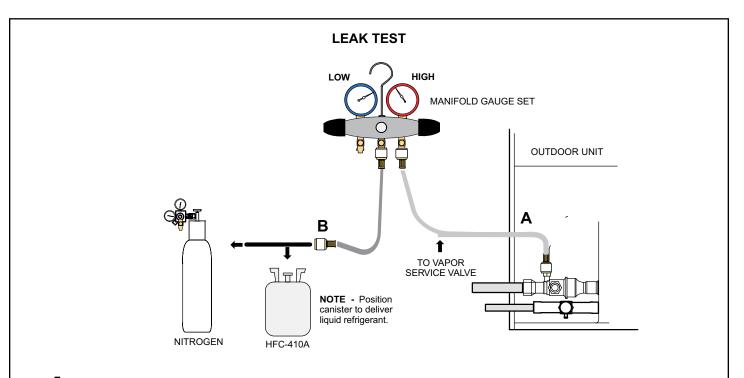
#### FLOW NITROGEN

Flow regulated nitrogen (at 1 to 2 psig) through the refrigeration gauge set into the valve stem port connection on the liquid service valve and out of the vapor valve stem port. See steps **3A**, **3B** and **3C** on manifold gauge set connections.

#### BRAZE LINE SET

Wrap both service valves with water-saturated cloths as illustrated here and as mentioned in step 4, before brazing to line set. Cloths must remain water-saturated throughout the brazing and cool-down process.





# CONNECT GAUGE SET

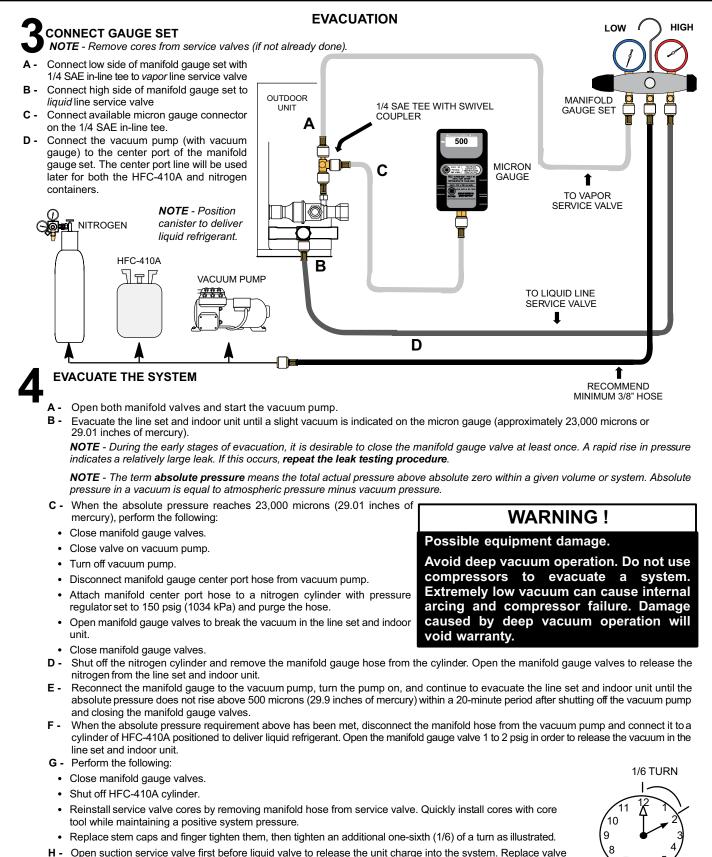
- A Connect the high pressure hose of an HFC-410A manifold gauge set to the vapor valve service port.
   NOTE Normally, the high pressure hose is connected to the liquid line port. However, connecting it to the vapor port better protects the manifold gauge set from high pressure damage.
- **B** With both manifold valves closed, connect the cylinder of HFC-410A refrigerant to the center port of the manifold gauge set.

NOTE - Later in the procedure, the HFC-410A container will be replaced by the nitrogen container.

# **2** TEST FOR LEAKS

After the line set has been connected to the indoor and outdoor units, check the line set connections and indoor unit for leaks. Use the following procedure to test for leaks:

- A With both manifold valves closed, connect the cylinder of HFC-410A refrigerant to the center port of the manifold gauge set. Open the valve on the HFC-410A cylinder (vapor only).
- **B** Open the high pressure side of the manifold to allow HFC-410A into the line set and indoor unit. Weigh in a trace amount of HFC-410A. [A trace amount is a maximum of two ounces (57 g) refrigerant or three pounds (31 kPa) pressure.] Close the valve on the HFC-410A cylinder and the valve on the high pressure side of the manifold gauge set. Disconnect the HFC-410A cylinder.
- **C** Connect a cylinder of nitrogen with a pressure regulating valve to the center port of the manifold gauge set.
- **D** Adjust nitrogen pressure to 150 psig (1034 kPa). Open the valve on the high side of the manifold gauge set in order to pressurize the line set and the indoor unit.
- **E** After a few minutes, open one of the service valve ports and verify that the refrigerant added to the system earlier is measurable with a leak detector.
- F After leak testing, disconnect gauges from service ports.
   *NOTE* Service valve cores remain removed for the following evacuation procedure.



# **Electrical Wiring**

All field wiring must be done in accordance with the National Electrical Code (NEC) recommendations, Canadian Electrical Code (CEC) and CSA Standards, or local codes, where applicable.

# 

#### **Electrical Shock Hazard!**

Turn OFF electric power before connecting unit, performing any maintenance or removing panels or doors. More than one disconnect may be required to turn off all power.

FAILURE TO DO SO COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY OR DEATH.

# A WARNING

Unit must be grounded in accordance with national and local codes. Failure to ground unit properly can result in personal injury or death.

# 

Line voltage is present at all components when unit is not in operation on units with single pole contactors. Disconnect all remote electric power supplies before opening access panel. Unit may have multiple power supplies. Failure to disconnect all power supplies could result in personal injury or death.

Refer to the furnace or blower coil Installation Instructions for additional wiring application diagrams and refer to unit rating plate for minimum circuit ampacity and maximum overcurrent protection size.

- Install line voltage power supply to unit from a properly sized disconnect switch. Any excess high voltage field wiring should be trimmed or secured away from the low voltage field wiring.
- 2. Ground unit at unit disconnect switch or to an earth ground. To facilitate conduit, a hole is in the bottom of the control box. Connect conduit to the control box using a proper conduit fitting. Units are approved for use only with copper conductors. 24V Class II circuit connections are made in the low voltage junction box. A complete unit wiring diagram is located inside the unit control box cover.

- 3. Install room thermostat according to thermostat installation instruction and on an inside wall that is not subject to drafts, direct sunshine, or other heat sources.
- 4. Install low voltage wiring from outdoor to indoor unit and from thermostat to indoor unit (see Figure 7).
- 5. Do not bundle any excess 24V control wire inside control box. Run control wire through installed wire tie and tighten wire tie to provide low voltage strain relief and to maintain separation of field-installed low and high voltage circuits.

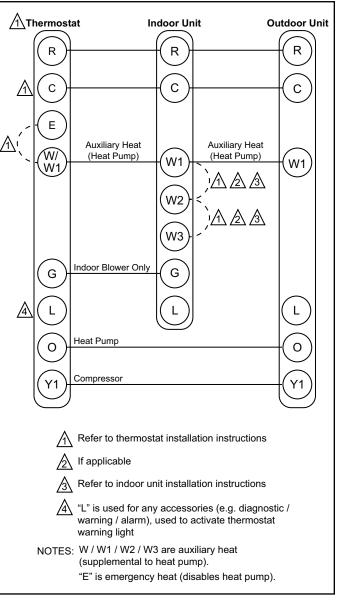


Figure 7. Thermostat Designations -Non-Communicating

# Operation

The outdoor unit and indoor blower cycle on demand from the room thermostat. When the thermostat blower switch is in the ON position, the indoor blower operates continuously.

## **Emergency Heat Function (Room Thermostat)**

An emergency heat function is designed into some room thermostats. This feature is applicable when isolation of outdoor unit is required or when auxiliary electric heat is staged by outdoor thermostats.

For heat pumps equipped with outdoor thermostats, to bypass electric heat, a field relay is required to properly activate the emergency heat function of the room thermostat.

### **Pressure Switch Connections**

The unit's automatic reset pressure switches (LO PS - S87 and HI PS - S4) are factory-wired into the control board on the LO-PS and HI-PS terminals, respectively.

#### Low Pressure Switch (LO-PS

When the low pressure switch trips, the defrost board will cycle off the compressor, and the strike counter in the board will count one strike. The low pressure switch is ignored under the following conditions:

 during the defrost cycle and 90 seconds after the termination of defrost

- when the average ambient sensor temperature is below 15° F (-9°C)
- for 90 seconds following the start up of the compressor
- during "test" mode

#### High Pressure Switch (HI-PS)

When the high pressure switch trips, the defrost board will cycle off the compressor, and the strike counter in the board will count one strike.

#### Pressure Switch Settings

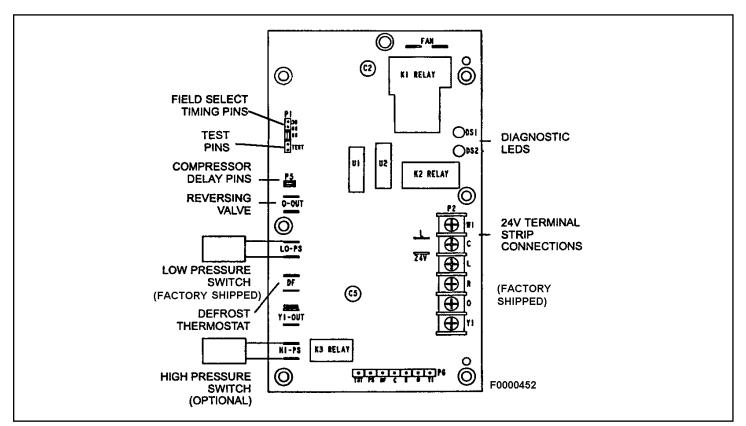
- High Pressure (auto reset) trip at 590 psig; reset at 418.
- Low Pressure (auto reset) trip at 25 psig; reset at 40.

#### **5-Strike Lockout Feature**

The internal control logic of the board counts the pressure switch trips only while the Y1 (Input) line is active. If a pressure switch opens and closes four times during a Y1 (Input), the control logic will reset the pressure switch trip counter to zero at the end of the Y1 (Input). If the pressure switch opens for a fifth time during the current Y1 (Input), the control will enter a lockout condition.

The 5-strike pressure switch lockout condition can be reset by cycling OFF the 24-volt power to the control board or by shorting the TEST pins between 1 and 2 seconds. All timer functions (run times) will also be reset.

If a pressure switch opens while Y1 is engaged, a 5-minute short cycle will occur after the switch closes.



## **Defrost System**

The defrost system includes two (2) components: a defrost thermostat and a control board.

#### Defrost Thermostat

The defrost thermostat is located on the outdoor coil of most models and on the liquid line between the check/ expansion valve and the distributor on R-410A TXV equipped models. When defrost thermostat senses 29°F (42°F on R-410A TXV's) or cooler, the thermostat contacts close and send a signal to the control board to start the defrost timing. It also terminates defrost when the liquid line warms up to 60°F.

#### **Control Board**

The control board includes the combined functions of a time/temperature defrost control, defrost relay, diagnostic LEDs and terminal strip for field wiring connections.

The control provides automatic switching from normal heating operation to defrost mode and back. During compressor cycle, the control accumulates compressor run times at 30-, 60-, or 90-minute field-adjustable intervals. If the defrost thermostat is closed when the selected compressor run time interval ends (call for defrost), the defrost relay is energized and defrost begins. The factory setting is 90 minutes which is the optimum efficiency setting.

#### **Defrost Timing Pins**

Each timing pin selection provides a different accumulated compressor run time period for one defrost cycle. This time period must occur before a defrost cycle is initiated. The defrost interval can be adjusted to 30 (/T1), 60 (T2), or 90 (T3) minutes. If the timing selector jumper is not in place the control defaults to a 90-minute defrost interval. The maximum defrost period is 14 minutes and cannot be adjusted.

A TEST option is provided for troubleshooting. The TEST mode may be started any time the unit is in the heating mode and the defrost thermostat is closed or jumpered. If the jumper is in the TEST position at power-up, the control will ignore the test pins. When the jumper is placed across the TEST pins for 2 seconds, the control will enter the defrost mode. If the jumper is removed before an additional 5 second period has elapsed (7 seconds total), the unit will remain in defrost mode until the defrost thermostat opens or 14 minutes have passed. If the jumper is not removed until after the additional 5 second period has elapsed, the defrost will terminate and the test option will not function again until the jumper is removed and re-applied.

#### Time Delay

The timed-off delay is 5 minutes long. The delay helps to protect the compressor from short-cycling in case the power to the unit is interrupted or a pressure switch opens. The delay is bypassed by placing the timer select jumper across the TEST pins for 0.5 seconds.

#### **Compressor Delay**

The defrost board has a field-selectable function to reduce occasional sounds that may occur while the unit is cycling in and out of the defrost mode. When a jumper is installed on the DELAY pins, the compressor will be cycled off for 30 seconds going in and out of the defrost mode. Units are shipped with jumper installed on DELAY pins.

**NOTE:** The 30 second compressor delay feature (known as the quiet shift) <u>must</u> be deactivated during any unit performance testing. The feature is deactivated by removing the jumper located on the compressor delay pins on the control board mounted inside the unit control box. This feature is optional for the homeowner, but may impact testing performance.

#### **Diagnostic LEDs**

The state (Off, On, Flashing) of two LEDs on the defrost board (DS1 [Red] and DS2 [Green]) indicate diagnostics conditions that are described in Table 4.

Mode	Green LED (DS2)	Red LED (DS1)		
No power to control	Off	Off		
Normal operation / power to control	Simultaneou	us slow flash		
Anti-short cycle lockout	Alternating slow flash			
Low pressure switch fault	Off	Slow flash		
Low pressure switch lockout	Off	On		
High pressure switch fault	Slow flash	Off		
High pressure switch lockout	On	Off		

Table 4.

# Maintenance

#### **Regular Maintenance Requirements**

Your system should be regularly inspected by a qualified service technician. These regular visits may include (among other things) checks for:

- Motor operation
- Ductwork air leaks
- Coil & drain pan cleanliness (indoor & outdoor)
- Electrical component operation & wiring check
- Proper refrigerant level & refrigerant leaks
- Proper airflow
- Drainage of condensate
- Air filter(s) performance
- Blower wheel alignment, balance & cleaning
- Primary & secondary drain line cleanliness
- Proper defrost operation (heat pumps)

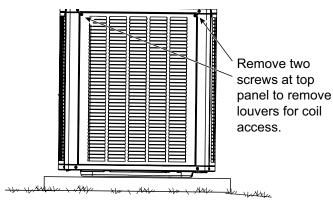


Figure 9. Removing Louvers

## Air Filter

Inspect air filters at least monthly and replace or clean as required. Disposable filters should be replaced. Washable filters may be cleaned by soaking in mild detergent and rinsing with cold water. Allow filter to dry before reinstalling. Replace filters with the arrows pointing in the direction of airflow. Dirty filters are the most common cause of poor heating / cooling performance and compressor failures.

#### Indoor Coil

If the system has been operated with a clean filter in place, it should require minimal cleaning. If cleaning is needed, call your dealer for service.

## **Condensate Drain**

During cooling season check at least monthly for free flow of drainage and clean if necessary.

## **Condenser Coils**

Grass cuttings, leaves, dirt, dust, lint from clothes dryers, and foliage from trees can be drawn into coils by movement

of the air. Clogged condenser coils will lower the efficiency of your unit and could cause damage to the condenser.

Periodically, debris should be brushed from the condenser coils. Use a soft bristle brush with light pressure only. DO NOT damage or bend condenser coil fins. Damaged or bent fins may affect unit operation.

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## SHARP OBJECT HAZARD!

Condenser coils have sharp edges. Wear adequate body protection on body extremities (e.g. gloves).

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THIS WARNING COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY.

### Painted Surfaces

For maximum protection of the unit's finish, a good grade of automobile wax should be applied every year. In geographical areas where water has a high concentration of minerals (calcium, iron, sulfur, etc.), it is recommended that lawn sprinklers not be allowed to spray the unit. In such applications, the sprinklers should be directed away from the unit. Failure to follow this precaution may result in premature deterioration of the unit finish and metal components.

In sea coast areas, special maintenance is required due to the corrosive atmosphere provided by the high salt concentration in ocean mists and the air. Periodic washing of all exposed surfaces and coil will add additional life to your unit. Please consult your installing dealer for proper procedures in your geographic area.

# **Homeowner Information**

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## ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD!

Turn OFF electric power to unit before performing any maintenance or removing panels or doors.

FAILURE TO DO SO COULD RESULT IN BODILY INJURY OR DEATH.

## **Heat Pump Operation**

Your new heat pump has several characteristics that you should be aware of:

 Heat pumps satisfy heating demand by delivering large amounts of warm air into the living space. This is quite different from gas-or oil-fired furnaces or an electric furnace which deliver lower volumes of considerably hotter air to heat the space.

- Do not be alarmed if you notice frost on the outdoor coil in the winter months. Frost develops on the outdoor coil during the heating cycle when temperatures are below 45°F. An electronic control activates a defrost cycle lasting 5 to 15 minutes at preset intervals to clear the outdoor coil of the frost.
- During the defrost cycle, you may notice steam rising from the outdoor unit. This is a normal occurrence. The thermostat may engage auxiliary heat during the defrost cycle to satisfy a heating demand; however, the unit will run to normal operation at the conclusion of the defrost cycle.

#### In case of extended power outage...

If the outdoor temperature is below 50°F and power to your outdoor unit has been interrupted for one hour or longer, observe the following when restoring power to your heat pump system.

- Set the room thermostat selector to the "Emergency Heat" setting to obtain temporary heat for a minimum of 6 hours. This will allow system refrigerant pressures and temperatures enough time to return to a stabilized condition.
- In Emergency Heat mode, all heating demand is satisfied by auxiliary heat; heat pump operation is locked out. After a 6 hour "warm-up" period, the thermostat can then be switched to the "Heat" setting and normal heat pump operation may resume.

#### **Thermostat Operation**

The wall-mounted thermostat controls your heat pump. The thermostat is available in various configurations from different manufacturers. The information below is typical for most thermostats. Ask your dealer for specific information regarding the model of thermostat installed.

#### Fan Switch

In AUTO or INT (intermittent ) mode, the blower operates only when the thermostat calls for heating or cooling. This mode is generally preferred when humidity control is a priority.

The ON or CONT mode provides continuous indoor blower operation, regardless of whether the compressor or auxiliary heat are operating. This mode is required when constant air circulation or filtering is desired.

On models without a fan selection switch, the fan will cycle with the outdoor unit.

#### System Switch

Set the system switch for heating, cooling or auto operation. The auto mode allows the heat pump to automatically switch from heating mode to cooling mode to maintain predetermined comfort settings. Many heat pump thermostats are also equipped with an emergency heat mode which locks out heat pump operation and provides temporary heat supplied by the auxiliary heat.

#### Indicating Light

Most heat pump thermostats have an amber light which indicates when the heat pump is operating in the emergency heat mode.

#### Temperature Indicator

The temperature indicator displays the actual room temperature.

#### Important System Information

- Your system should never be operated without a clean air filter properly installed.
- Return air and supply air registers should be free from restrictions or obstructions to allow full flow of air.

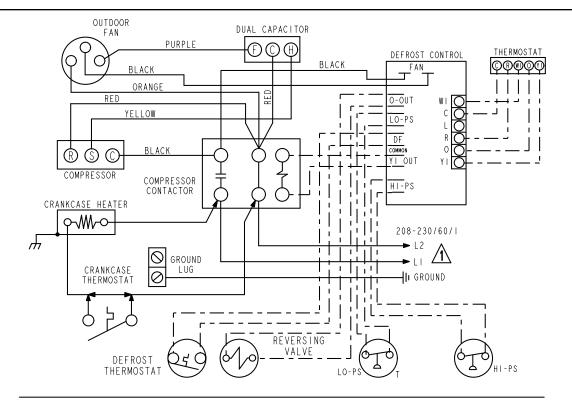
# IF YOUR SYSTEM DOES NOT WORK, BEFORE REQUESTING A SERVICE CALL:

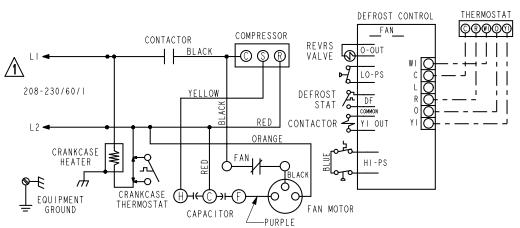
- 1. Ensure thermostat is set below (cooling) or above (heating) room temperature and that the system lever is in the "COOL", "HEAT" or "AUTO" position.
- 2. Inspect your return air filter: If it is dirty, your heat pump may not function properly.
- 3. Check indoor and outdoor disconnect switches. Confirm circuit breakers are ON or that fuses have not blown. Reset breakers/replace fuses as necessary.
- 4. Inspect the outdoor unit for clogged condenser coils, (grass cuttings, leaves, dirt, dust or lint). Ensure that branches, twigs or other debris are not obstructing the condenser fan.

# IF YOUR SYSTEM STILL DOES NOT OPERATE, CONTACT YOUR SERVICING DEALER.

Be sure to describe the problem, and have the model and serial numbers of the equipment available.

If warranty replacement parts are required, the warranty must be processed through a qualified distribution location.





LO-PS = LOW PRESSURE SWITCH HI-PS = HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH

DIAGNOSTIC CODES FOR DEFROST CONTROL LEDS							
DESCRIPTION	DS2 (GREEN)	DSI (RED)					
NO POWER TO CONTROL	OFF	OF F					
NOMINAL OPERATION/POWER TO CONTROL	SIMULTANEOUS SLOW FLASH						
ANTI-SHORT CYCLE LOCKOUT	ALTERNATE SLOW FLASH						
LOW PRESSURE SWITCH FAULT	OFF	SLOW FLASH					
LOW PRESSURE SWITCH LOCKOUT	OFF	ON					
HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH FAULT	SLOW FLASH	OFF					
HIGH PRESSURE SWITCH LOCKOUT	ON	OFF					



FOR USE WITH COPPER CONDUCTORS ONLY. REFER TO UNIT RATING PLATE FOR MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY AND MAXIMUM OVERCURRENT PROTECTION SIZE. WARNING--ELECTRIC SHOCK HAZARD, CAN CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. UNIT MUST BE GROUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL CODES.

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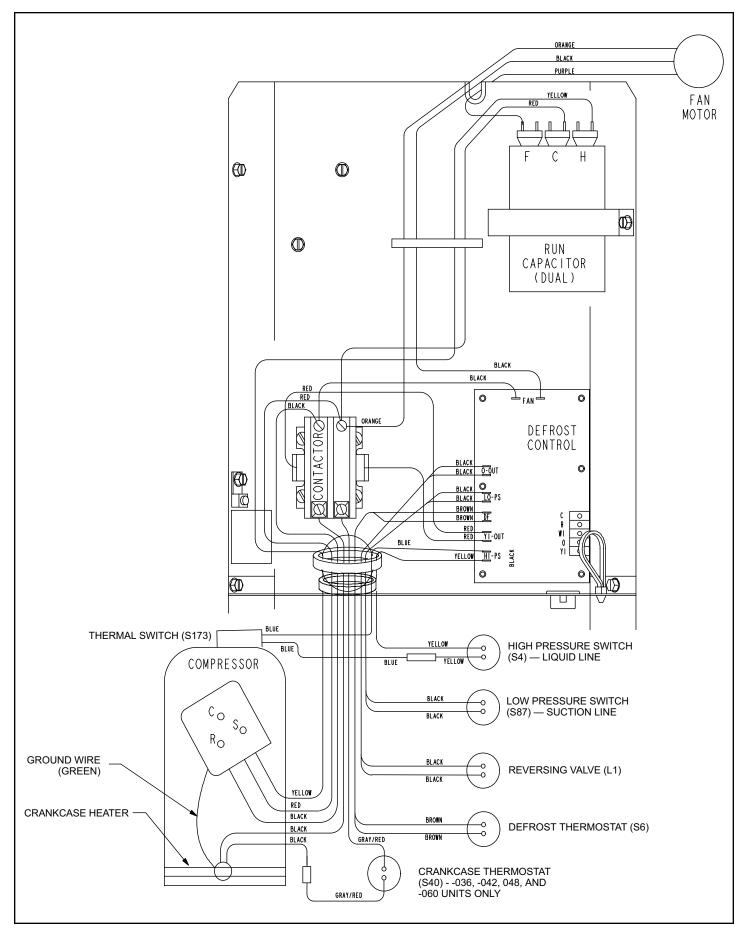


Figure 11. Typical Unit Factory Wiring

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If unit is equipped with a crankcase heater, it should be energized 24 hours before unit start-up to prevent compressor damage as a result of slugging.

- 1. Rotate fan to check for frozen bearings or binding.
- 2. Inspect all factory and field-installed wiring for loose connections.
- 3. After evacuation is complete, open liquid line and suction line service valves to release refrigerant charge (contained in outdoor unit) into system.
- 4. Replace the stem caps and secure finger tight, then tighten an additional 1/6 of a turn.
- 5. Check voltage supply at the disconnect switch. The voltage must be within the range listed on the unit nameplate. If not, do not start equipment until the power company has been consulted and the voltage condition corrected.
- 6. Set thermostat for cooling demand, turn on power to indoor blower, and close the outdoor unit disconnect switch to start the unit.
- 7. Recheck unit voltage with unit running. Power must be within range shown on unit nameplate.

# Refrigerant Charging

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Excessive amounts of liquid refrigerant entering the suction line can damage the compressor. When adding refrigerant, precautions must be taken to control the flow of liquid into the system. This can be done by using a liquid vaporizing adapter or manual control using a sight glass as indicator.

Units are factory charged with the amount of R-410A refrigerant indicated on the unit rating plate. This charge is based on a matching indoor coil and outdoor coil with 15' line set. For varying lengths of line set, refer to Table 5 for refrigerant charge adjustment. A blank space is provided on the unit rating plate to list the actual field charge.

Liquid Line Set Diameter Oz. P

3/8 in.

3 oz. per 5 ft. or 0.6 oz. per 1 ft.

\* If line length is greater than 15 ft., add this amount. If line length is less than 15 ft., remove this amount.

### Table 5. Refrigerant Charge Adjustment

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Mineral oils are not compatible with R-410A. If oil must be added, it must be a polyolester oil.

**NOTE:** Both airflow and refrigerant charge must be monitored for proper system set-up. It may be necessary to alternately check and adjust the airflow and the refrigerant charge.

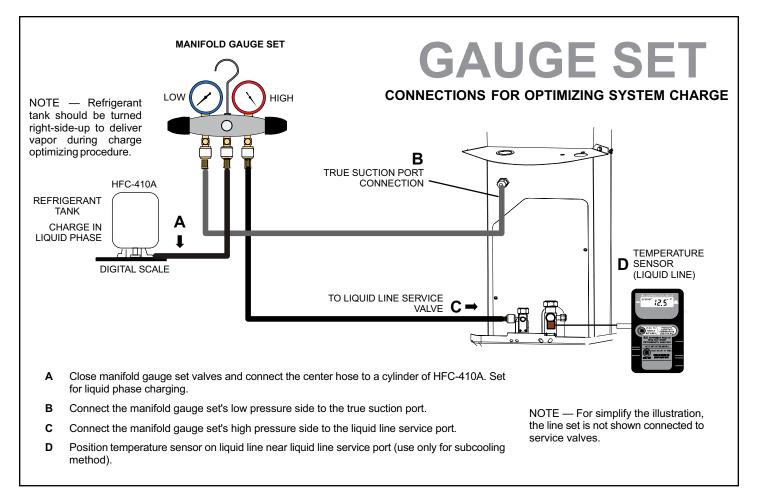
If the system is void of refrigerant, or if the outdoor ambient temperature is cool, use the weigh-in method to charge the unit. Do this after any leaks have been repaired.

- 1. Recover the refrigerant from the unit.
- 2. Conduct a leak check, then evacuate as previously outlined.
- 3. Weigh in the charge according to the total amount shown on the unit nameplate.

If weighing facilities are not available or if unit is being charged during warm weather, use one of the following procedures.

- For systems using a TXV on the indoor evaporator and outdoor temperature above 60°F – charge in cooling mode using the subcooling method and table provided on the unit access panel.
- For systems below 60°F charge in heating mode using the subcooling method and table provided on the unit access panel. Attach low pressure gauge hose to auxiliary service port to access suction side in heating mode.

**NOTE:** All unit table values are based on 70 to 80°F indoor return air temperature for cooling mode, and 65°F to 75°F return air temperature for heat mode.





## Adding or Removing Refrigerant

This system uses HFC-410A refrigerant which operates at much higher pressures than HFC-410A. The pre-installed liquid line filter drier is approved for use with HFC-410A only. Do not replace it with components designed for use with HFC-410A. This unit is NOT approved for use with coils which use capillary tubes or fixed orifices as a refrigerant metering device.

Check airflow using the Delta-T (DT) process using the illustration in Figure 13.

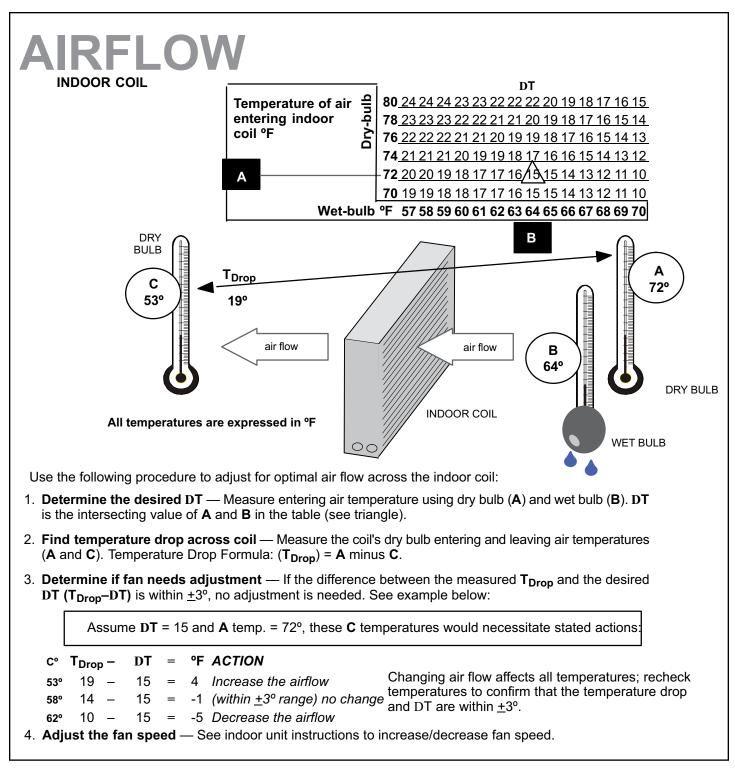
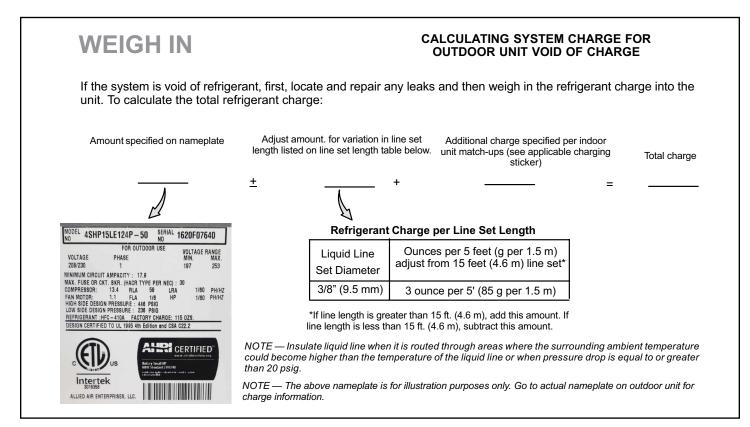


Figure 13. Checking Indoor Airflow over Evaporator Coil using Delta-T Chart

Use WEIGH IN method for adding initial refrigerant charge, and then use SUBCOOLING method for verifying refrigerant charge.



#### Figure 14. Weigh In Method

SUBCOOLING	1	Check the airflow as illustrated in figure 25 to be sure the indoor airflow is as required. (Make any air flow adjustments before continuing with the following procedure.)
	2	Measure outdoor ambient temperature; determine whether to use <b>cooling mode</b> or <b>heating mode</b> to check charge.
	3	Connect gauge set.
12050	4	Check Liquid and Vapor line pressures. Compare pressures with Normal Operating Pressures on applicable charging sticker. ( <i>The reference table is a general guide. Expect minor pressure variations. Significant differences may mean improper charge or other system problem.</i> )
100 40 USE COOLING 80 30 MODE	5	Set thermostat for heat/cool demand, depending on mode being used:
60°F (15°)		<b>Using cooling mode</b> —When the outdoor ambient temperature is 60°F (15°C) and above. Target subcooling values in table below are based on 70 to 80°F (21-27°C) indoor return air temperature; if
MODE		necessary, operate heating to reach that temperature range; then set thermostat to cooling mode setpoint to 68°F (20°C). When pressures have stabilized, continue with step 6.
20 = 30 40 = 40 'F C		<b>Using heating mode</b> —When the outdoor ambient temperature is below $60^{\circ}F$ ( $15^{\circ}C$ ). Target subcooling values in table below are based on $65-75^{\circ}F$ ( $18-24^{\circ}C$ ) indoor return air temperature; if necessary, operate cooling to reach that temperature range; then set thermostat to heating mode setpoint to $77^{\circ}F$ ( $25^{\circ}C$ ). When pressures have stabilized, continue with step 6.
	6	Read the liquid line temperature; record in the LIQ <sup>o</sup> space.
SATº	7	Read the liquid line pressure; then find its corresponding temperature in the temperature/ pressure chart listed in table 8 and record it in the SAT <sup>o</sup> space.
LIQ° –	8	Subtract LIQ <sup>o</sup> temp. from SAT <sup>o</sup> temp. to determine subcooling; record it in SC <sup>o</sup> space.
SC° =	9	Compare SC° results with table below, being sure to note any additional charge for line set and/or match-up.
	10	If subcooling value is greater than shown on applicable charging sticker for the unit, remove refrigerant; if less than shown, add refrigerant.
	11	If refrigerant is added or removed, repeat steps 5 through 10 to verify charge.

#### Figure 15. Subcooling Method

°F	°C	Psig	°F	°C	Psig
-40	-40.0	11.6	60	15.6	170
-35	-37.2	14.9	65	18.3	185
-30	-34.4	18.5	70	21.1	201
-25	-31.7	22.5	75	23.9	217
-20	-28.9	26.9	80	26.7	235
-15	-26.1	31.7	85	29.4	254
-10	-23.3	36.8	90	32.2	274
-5	-20.6	42.5	95	35.0	295
0	-17.8	48.6	100	37.8	317
5	-15.0	55.2	105	40.6	340
10	-12.2	62.3	110	43.3	365
15	-9.4	70.0	115	46.1	391
20	-6.7	78.3	120	48.9	418
25	-3.9	87.3	125	51.7	446
30	-1.1	96.8	130	54.4	476
35	1.7	107	135	57.2	507
40	4.4	118	140	60.0	539
45	7.2	130	145	62.8	573
50	10.0	142	150	65.6	608
55	12.8	155			

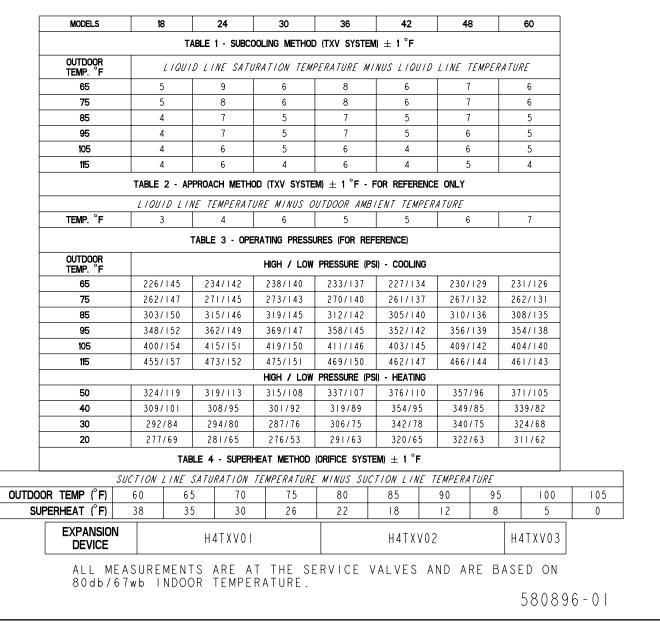
Table 6. HFC-410A Temperature — Pressure (Psig)

# 14 SEER HEAT PUMP CHARGING PROCEDURE

I. CHARGE THE SYSTEM BY WEIGHT, IF OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE IS BELOW 65°F:

OUTDOOR UNITS ARE FACTORY CHARGED WITH R410A FOR 15 FT. OF LINE SET. ADD OR REMOVE 0.6 OZ. FOR EVERY FOOT OF LINE SET DIFFERENT THAN 15 FT. FINAL CHARGE ADJUSTMENT MUST BE MADE PER ITEM (2) BELOW, ONCE THE OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE RISE ABOVE 65 °F.

- 2. IF OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 65°F, ADJUST CHARGE AS FOLLOWS:
  - A. CHECK FOR PROPER AIR FLOW AND RUN THE SYSTEM FOR 20 MINUTES FOR STABILIZATION
  - B. USE SUPERHEAT FOR ORIFICE COILS (SEE TABLE BELOW)
  - C. USE SUBCOOLING FOR TXV COILS (SEE TABLE BELOW), PROVIDED THAT SUPERHEAT IS WITHIN 8-16 °F AT OUTDOOR UNIT AND THE REFERENCED PRESSURES BELOW ARE WITHIN ± 3 PSI FOR LOW SIDE AND ± 10 PSI FOR HIGH SIDE
  - D. CONTACT TECHNICAL SERVICE, IF MEASURED VALUES ARE OUTSIDE THE RANGE OF THE LISTED DATA



#### Figure 16. Charging Procedure 4SHP15LE/14LB-50

# 14 SEER HEAT PUMP CHARGING PROCEDURE

I. CHARGE THE SYSTEM BY WEIGHT, IF OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE IS BELOW 65°F:

OUTDOOR UNITS ARE FACTORY CHARGED WITH R410A FOR 15 FT. OF LINE SET. ADD OR REMOVE 0.6 OZ. FOR EVERY FOOT OF LINE SET DIFFERENT THAN 15 FT. FINAL CHARGE ADJUSTMENT MUST BE MADE PER ITEM (2) BELOW, ONCE THE OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE RISE ABOVE 65 °F.

- 2. IF OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 65°F, ADJUST CHARGE AS FOLLOWS:
  - A. CHECK FOR PROPER AIR FLOW AND RUN THE SYSTEM FOR 20 MINUTES FOR STABILIZATION
  - B. USE SUPERHEAT FOR ORIFICE COILS (SEE TABLE BELOW)
  - C. USE SUBCOOLING FOR TXV COILS (SEE TABLE BELOW), PROVIDED THAT SUPERHEAT IS WITHIN 8-16 °F AT OUTDOOR UNIT AND THE REFERENCED PRESSURES BELOW ARE WITHIN ± 3 PSI FOR LOW SIDE AND ± 10 PSI FOR HIGH SIDE
  - D. CONTACT TECHNICAL SERVICE, IF MEASURED VALUES ARE OUTSIDE THE RANGE OF THE LISTED DATA

OUTDOOR TEMP. °F 65				COOLING METHO	D (TXV SYSTE	W) $\pm$ 1 °F				
TEMP. °F 65		1 10011								
			D LINE SAT	URATION TEM	PERATURE M	INUS LIQU	ID LINE	TEMPERA	<i>TURE</i>	
	6	3	9	11	4	6	8	;	6	
75	6	6	8	10	4	6	8	;	6	
85	Ę	5	7	9	4	5	3	;	5	
95	Ę	5	7	8	4	5	ç	1	5	
105	Ę	5	8	8	3	4	6	;	5	
115	Ę	5	8	7	3	4	5	;	4	
	TABLE	2 - API	PROACH METI	IOD (TXV SYSTE	EM) $\pm$ 1°F-	FOR REFER	ENCE ONLY			
	LIQU	ID LIN	E TEMPERA	TURE MINUS C	OUTDOOR AME	IENT TEMI	PERATURE			
temp. °f	Ę	5	11	6	12	6	7	'	9	
		Т	ABLE 3 - OF	ERATING PRESS	URES (FOR RE	FERENCE)				
outdoor Temp. °F				HIGH / LOW	PRESSURE (P	si) - coolin	G			
65	205/	130	212/135	217/137	219/136	209/13	1 218/	131	222/134	
75	240/	135	257/137	283/139	266/139	254/13	4 254/	134	268/136	
85	285/	'138	301/140	309/140	3 3/ 42	298/13	7 310/	137	3 4/ 39	
95	340/	/140	365/142	372/142	360/145	343/14	0 356/	140	360/141	
105	342/	145	39 / 44	401/144	407/148	388/14	3 402/	43	406/143	
115	445/	150	435/147	447/145	454/151	432/14	6 448/	146	445/146	
				HEATING	3	-		I		
50	350/	115	3 4/  0	317/103	390/100	393/11	2 362/	110	315/115	
47	340/	105	321/100	303/89	370/105	372/98	3 340	/96	300/99	
35	300	/90	285/80	288/76	350/85	351/83	3 318	/81	285/83	
17	280	/60	270/60	273/62	297/60	330/68	3 297	/66	270/68	
		TAB	LE 4 - SUPE	RHEAT METHOD	(ORIFICE SYST	EM) $\pm$ 1 °F				
SU	CTION	LINE S	A TURATION	TEMPERATUR	E MINUS SUC	TION LIN	E TEMPERA	TURE		
Temp (°F)	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	95	100	
RHEAT (°F)	38	35	30	26	22	18	12	8	5	
EXPANSION DEVICE		H4TXV0I H4TXV02 H4TXV03								
	TEMP. °F       OUTDOOR TEMP. °F       65       75       85       95       105       115       50       47       35       17       SU       SU       EXPANSION	TABLE         L / QU         TEMP. °F       5         OUTDOOR TEMP. °F       205/         65       205/         75       240/         85       285/         95       340/         105       342/         115       445/         50       350/         35       300         17       280         SUCT/ON         TEMP (° F)       60         HEAT (° F)       38         EXPANSION       1	TABLE 2 - API         L/QU/D       L/N         TEMP. °F       5         65       205/130         75       240/135         85       285/138         95       340/140         105       342/145         115       445/150         50       350/115         47       340/105         35       300/90         17       280/60         TABLE         SUCT/ON L/NE 3         SUCT/ON L/NE 3         SUCT/ON L/NE 3         EXPANSION	TABLE 2 - APPROACH METH         LIQUID LINE TEMPERA         TEMP. °F       5       11         TABLE 3 - OF         OUTDOOR TEMP. °F       2       2         65       205/130       212/135         75       240/135       257/137         85       285/138       301/140         95       340/140       365/142         105       342/145       391/144         115       445/150       435/147         50       350/115       314/110         47       340/105       321/100         35       300/90       285/80         17       280/60       270/60         TABLE 4 - SUPEI         SUCT/ON LINE SATURATION         TEMP (°F)         60       65       70         SUCTION LINE SATURATION         EXPANSION	TABLE 2 - APPROACH METHOD (TXV SYSTE         LIOUID LINE TEMPERATURE MINUS O         TEMP. °F       5       11       6         TABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESS         OUTDOOR TEMP. °F       HIGH / LOW         65       205/130       212/135       217/137         75       240/135       257/137       283/139         85       285/138       301/140       309/140         95       340/140       365/142       372/142         105       342/145       391/144       401/144         115       445/150       435/147       447/145         HEATING         50       350/115       314/110       317/103         47       340/105       321/100       303/89         35       300/90       285/80       288/76         17       280/60       270/60       273/62         TABLE 4 - SUPERHEAT METHOD         SUCT/ON LINE SATURATION TEMPERATURA         SUCT/ON LINE SATURATION TEMPERATURA         EXPANSION       HATYVOI	TABLE 2 - APPROACH METHOD (TXV SYSTEM) ± 1°F -           LIQUID LINE TEMPERATURE MINUS OUTDOOR AMB           TEMP. °F         5         11         6         12           TABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESSURES (FOR RED           OUTDOOR TEMP. °F         HIGH / LOW PRESSURES (FOR RED           0010000R TEMP. °F         11         6         12           ABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESSURES (FOR RED           001000R TEMP. °F         11         6         12           ABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESSURES (FOR RED           001000R TEMP. °F         11         6         12           B65         205/130         212/135         217/137         219/136           75         240/135         257/137         283/139         266/139           85         285/138         301/140         309/140         313/142           95         340/140         365/142         372/142         360/145           105         342/145         391/144         401/144         407/148           HEATING           50         350/115         314/110         317/103         390/100           47         340/105         321/100         303/89         370/105	TABLE 2 - APPROACH METHOD (TXV SYSTEM) ± 1°F - FOR REFERE           LIQUID LINE TEMPERATURE MINUS OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMP           TEMP. °F         5         11         6         12         6           TABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESSURES (FOR REFERENCE)           OUTDOOR TEMP. °F         F           HIGH / LOW PRESSURE (PSI) - COOLIN           65         205/130         212/135         217/137         219/136         209/13           75         240/135         257/137         283/139         266/139         254/13           85         285/138         301/140         309/140         313/142         298/13           95         340/140         365/142         372/142         360/145         343/14           105         314/110         317/103         390/100         393/11           445/150         435/147         447/145         454/151         432/14           105         314/110         317/103         390/100 <th c<="" td=""><td>TABLE 2 - APPROACH METHOD (TXV SYSTEM) ± 1 °F - FOR REFERENCE ONLY           LIQUID LINE TEMPERATURE MINUS OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TEMP. °F         5         11         6         12         6         7           OUTDOOR         AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESSURES (FOR REFERENCE)           OUTDOOR TEMP. °F         HIGH / LOW PRESSURE (PSI) - COOLING           65         205/130         212/135         217/137         219/136         209/131         218/ 218/ 254/           75         240/135         257/137         283/139         266/139         254/134         254/ 254/           85         285/138         301/140         309/140         313/142         298/137         310/ 3160/           95         340/140         365/142         372/142         360/145         343/140         356/ 366/           105         342/145         391/144         401/144         407/148         388/143         402/ 402/           115         445/150         435/147         447/145         454/151         432/146         448/ 448/           TBEE 4 - SUPERHEAT METHOD (ORIFICE SYSTEM) ± 1 °F           SUCTION LINE SATURATION TEMPERATURE MINUS SUCTION LINE TEMPE</td><td>TABLE 2 - APPROACH METHOD (TXV SYSTEM) ± 1°F - FOR REFERENCE ONLY           LIQUID LINE TEMPERATURE MINUS OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TEMP.°F         5         11         6         12         6         7         6           OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESSURES (FOR REFERENCE)           OUTDOOR TEMP.°F         HIGH / LOW PRESSURE (PSI) - COOLING           65         205/130         212/135         217/137         219/136         209/131         218/131           75         240/135         257/137         283/139         266/139         254/134         254/134         254/134           85         285/138         301/140         309/140         313/142         298/137         310/137           95         340/140         365/142         372/142         360/145         343/140         356/140           105         342/145         391/144         401/144         407/148         388/143         402/143           115         445/150         435/147         447/145         454/151         432/146         448/146           HEATING           50         350/115         314/110         317/103         390/100</td></th>	<td>TABLE 2 - APPROACH METHOD (TXV SYSTEM) ± 1 °F - FOR REFERENCE ONLY           LIQUID LINE TEMPERATURE MINUS OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TEMP. °F         5         11         6         12         6         7           OUTDOOR         AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESSURES (FOR REFERENCE)           OUTDOOR TEMP. °F         HIGH / LOW PRESSURE (PSI) - COOLING           65         205/130         212/135         217/137         219/136         209/131         218/ 218/ 254/           75         240/135         257/137         283/139         266/139         254/134         254/ 254/           85         285/138         301/140         309/140         313/142         298/137         310/ 3160/           95         340/140         365/142         372/142         360/145         343/140         356/ 366/           105         342/145         391/144         401/144         407/148         388/143         402/ 402/           115         445/150         435/147         447/145         454/151         432/146         448/ 448/           TBEE 4 - SUPERHEAT METHOD (ORIFICE SYSTEM) ± 1 °F           SUCTION LINE SATURATION TEMPERATURE MINUS SUCTION LINE TEMPE</td> <td>TABLE 2 - APPROACH METHOD (TXV SYSTEM) ± 1°F - FOR REFERENCE ONLY           LIQUID LINE TEMPERATURE MINUS OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TEMP.°F         5         11         6         12         6         7         6           OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESSURES (FOR REFERENCE)           OUTDOOR TEMP.°F         HIGH / LOW PRESSURE (PSI) - COOLING           65         205/130         212/135         217/137         219/136         209/131         218/131           75         240/135         257/137         283/139         266/139         254/134         254/134         254/134           85         285/138         301/140         309/140         313/142         298/137         310/137           95         340/140         365/142         372/142         360/145         343/140         356/140           105         342/145         391/144         401/144         407/148         388/143         402/143           115         445/150         435/147         447/145         454/151         432/146         448/146           HEATING           50         350/115         314/110         317/103         390/100</td>	TABLE 2 - APPROACH METHOD (TXV SYSTEM) ± 1 °F - FOR REFERENCE ONLY           LIQUID LINE TEMPERATURE MINUS OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TEMP. °F         5         11         6         12         6         7           OUTDOOR         AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESSURES (FOR REFERENCE)           OUTDOOR TEMP. °F         HIGH / LOW PRESSURE (PSI) - COOLING           65         205/130         212/135         217/137         219/136         209/131         218/ 218/ 254/           75         240/135         257/137         283/139         266/139         254/134         254/ 254/           85         285/138         301/140         309/140         313/142         298/137         310/ 3160/           95         340/140         365/142         372/142         360/145         343/140         356/ 366/           105         342/145         391/144         401/144         407/148         388/143         402/ 402/           115         445/150         435/147         447/145         454/151         432/146         448/ 448/           TBEE 4 - SUPERHEAT METHOD (ORIFICE SYSTEM) ± 1 °F           SUCTION LINE SATURATION TEMPERATURE MINUS SUCTION LINE TEMPE	TABLE 2 - APPROACH METHOD (TXV SYSTEM) ± 1°F - FOR REFERENCE ONLY           LIQUID LINE TEMPERATURE MINUS OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TEMP.°F         5         11         6         12         6         7         6           OUTDOOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURE           TABLE 3 - OPERATING PRESSURES (FOR REFERENCE)           OUTDOOR TEMP.°F         HIGH / LOW PRESSURE (PSI) - COOLING           65         205/130         212/135         217/137         219/136         209/131         218/131           75         240/135         257/137         283/139         266/139         254/134         254/134         254/134           85         285/138         301/140         309/140         313/142         298/137         310/137           95         340/140         365/142         372/142         360/145         343/140         356/140           105         342/145         391/144         401/144         407/148         388/143         402/143           115         445/150         435/147         447/145         454/151         432/146         448/146           HEATING           50         350/115         314/110         317/103         390/100

#### Figure 17. Charging Procedure 4SHP14LE/LB-5,6,7

# Start-Up and Performance Checklist

Job Name	Job n	10	Date
Job Location		_City	State
Installer		_City	State
UnitModelNo	Serial No		Service Technician
Nameplate Voltage			
RatedLoadAmpacity	Compressor	Outdoor Fan	
Maximum Fuse or Circuit Breaker			
Electrical Connections Tight?	Indoor Filter Clean?		Supply Voltage (Unit Off)
Indoor Blower RPM	S.P. Drop Over Indoor (Dr	y)	Outdoor Coil Entering Air Temp.
DischargePressure	Vapor Pressure		Refrigerant Charge Checked?
Refrigerant Lines: Leak Checked?	Properly Insulated?		Outdoor Fan Checked?
Services Valve: Fully Opened?	Caps Tight?		Thermostat
Voltage with Compressor Operating		Calibrated?	Properly Set?     Level?